

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

1. Hoffmann BL, Schorge JO, Schaffer JI, Halvorson LM, Bradshaw KD, Cunningham FG. Williams Gynecology. Texas: Mc Graw Hill, 2012; hal. 1497-1572.
2. Pertiwi KD, Wiyati N, Sumarah, Tyastuti S, Hubungan usia menarche dan paritas dengan kejadian mioma uteri di RSUD Wates Kulonprogo tahun 2007-2010. *Jurnal Penelitian Kesehatan Suara Forikes*, 2012;3(2):89-94.
3. Prawirohardjo S, Wiknjastro H, Sumapraja S, Saifuddin AB. Ilmu Kandungan. Jakarta: PT Bina Pustaka Sarwono Prawirohardjo, 2009; hal. 338-346.
4. Berhandus C, Loho MF, Wantania JJE: jenis-jenis penyakit ginekologi umum menurut urutan terbanyak di BLU RSUD Prof. DR. R.D. Kandou periode 1 Januari 2012-31 Desember 2012. 2013 [diakses 27 Maret 2016] <http://ejournal.unsrat.ac.id/index.php/eclinic/article/view/3242/2786>
5. Apriyani Y, Sumarni S. Analisa faktor-faktor yang berhubungan dengan kejadian mioma uteri di RSUD dr. Adhyatama Semarang. *Jurnal Kebidanan*. 2013;2(8):36-46.
6. Ilma N, Tjahyadi D, Judistiani TD, The relationship of age, parity, and body mass index as risk factors to the incidence of uterine myoma in Dr. Hasan Sadikin General Hospital. *Althea Medical Journal*. 2015;2(3):409-413.
7. Taber B. Kapita Selekta Kedaruratan Obstetri dan Ginekologi. Jakarta: ECG, 1994; hal. 27-33.
8. Opara E, Zaidi J. The interpretation and clinical application of the word 'parity': a survey. *BJOG*. 2007;114:1295-1297.
9. Mochtar R. Sinopsis Obstetri. Pekanbaru: ECG, 2011; hal. 6-9.
10. Benson RC, Pernoll ML. Buku Saku Obstetri dan Ginekologi. Jakarta: ECG, 2008; hal. 546-551.
11. Kumar V, Cotran RS, Robbins SL. Buku Ajar Patologi Robbins. Jakarta: ECG, 2007; hal. 774-775.
12. Hadibroto BR. Mioma uteri. *Majalah Kedokteran Nusantara*. 2005;38(3): 245-260.
13. Bieber EJ, Sanfilippo JS, Horowitz IR. Clinical Gynecology. Philadelphia: Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, 2006; hal. 179-191.
14. Islam MS, et al. Uterine leiomyoma: Available medical treatments and new possible therapeutic options. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab*. 2013;98(3):921-934.
15. Lilyani DI, Sudiati M, Basuki R. Hubungan faktor resiko dan kejadian mioma uteri di Rumah Sakit Umum Daerah Tugurejo Semarang. *Jurnal Kedokteran Muhammadiyah*. 2012;1(1):14-19
16. Baird DD, Dunson DB. Why is parity protective for uterine fibroids? *Epidemiology*. 2003;12(2):247-250.
17. Berek SJ, Berek DL. Berek & Novak's Gynecology. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2012; hal. 1250-1333.

18. DeCherney AH, Nathan L, Goodwin TM, Laufer N. *Current Diagnosis & Treatment Obstetrics & Gynecology*. United States of America: McGraw-Hill Companies, 2007; hal. 639-653.
19. Dutta DC, Konar H. *Textbook of Gynecology*. India: Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers, 2013; hal. 272-288.
20. Callahan TL, Caughey AB. *Blueprints Obstetrics & Gynecology*: Philadelphia. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2013; hal. 188-194.
21. Manuaba IAC., Manubaba IBGF, Manubaba IBGF. *Buku Ajar Penuntun Kuliah Ginekologi*. Jakarta: Trans Info Media, 2010; hal. 319-345.
22. Tortora GJ, Derrickson BH. *Principles of Anatomy and Physiology*. Asia: John Wiley & Sons, 2009; hal. 1095-1132.
23. Padubidri VS, Daftary SN. *Shaw's Textbook of Gynaecology*. India: Elsevier, 2015; hal. 391-408.
24. Bizjak T. Prevalence and risk factors of uterine fibroids in North-East Slovenia. *Gynecol Obstet*. 2016;6(1):1-4.
25. Evans P, Brunzell S. Uterine fibroid tumors: Diagnosis and treatment. *American Family Physician*. 2007;75(10):1503-1508.
26. Faerstein E, Szklo M, Rosenshein N. Risk factors for uterine leiomyoma: A practice based case-control study. African-American Heritage, reproductive history, body size, and smoking. *American Journal of Epidemiology*. 2001;153(1):1-10.
27. Jannah M, Armini NKA, Aulia A. Paritas dan IMT (Indeks Massa Tubuh) berhubungan dengan mioma uteri pada wanita usia subur. *Jurnal Pediomaternal*. 2015;3(2):289-294.