CHAPTER III
METHOD OF RESEARCH

3.1 Research Design

Research design is the way how a writer does a research. Research itself is any form of systematic and arranged investigation to organize facts or gather data, and is often related to a problem that has to be solved. Abdul Matin (2004: 64) states a research design is the arrangement of conditions for collection and analysis of data in a manner that aims to combine relevance to the research purpose.

This research is conducted by means of a qualitative approach to analyze the data. Furthermore, qualitative research uses procedures that make use of qualitative data, (i.e. data are not in numerical form). In other words, the data analysis does not use a statistical procedure (Lexy. J. Moleong, 2013: 3).

This research takes content analysis method (Denzin and Lincoln, 1994: 213), the method used to determine the presence of certain words or concepts within a text or sets of text to discuss certain data. It is used to state and analyze the presence, the types and functions of illocutionary act found in the United Nations Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. In addition, this method constitutes one of the descriptive approaches means that all data in this research are in the forms of sentences and this approach is implemented because the data analysis is presented descriptively. Then, the research is conducted in order to know what the types and
functions of illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text.

Supported by Wilkinson (2000: 7) stating that the resulting data are presented in the form of descriptions, additionally, the types and functions of illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text did not use accumulate by using number. It is because the problem of the study in this research did not need it.

3.2 Sources of Data

The data of this study were mainly taken from a website related to the object of the study, that is, from the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. This study concerns with the illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. Some reasons why this speech is taken as the subject are; firstly, this speech is the first Ban Ki Moon’s Speech when he come to Indonesia country, he spoke about “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre”. Secondly, there are sentences which consist of illocutionary acts found in this text. Thirdly, to find the illocutionary acts not only in the oral way (conversation) but also find in the script of the text like in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text.
3.3 Data Collection Procedure

The data are collected through four steps. First, is taken from the website the script of the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. Second, the text is read to comprehend the aims of speech. Third, the references that are related to the subject matter are collected. Fourth, the collected data concerning the illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text are numbered to be analyzed.

Arikunto said (2006: 231) “Documentary technique is technique of data collection that research the data related to the matters or variable such as note, transcript, book, agenda, newspaper, magazine, etc”. It means that, this research takes documentary technique to do a research.

3.4 Data Analysis

The analyzes is of the illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text, there are some steps that are taken. The first step is analyzing the illocutionary acts embedded in every sentence which is found in the United Nation Ban Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. In this step, the illocutionary acts are classified into five categories such as assertive, directive, commissive, expressive and declarative. The second step is identifying what types of illocutionary acts is more dominant in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text. The third is explaining the functions of illocutionary
acts in those utterances. In this step, the functions of illocutionary acts are classified into four categories such as competitive, convivial, collaborative, and conflictive. Furthermore, when the answers of the problem identification are found, the last step is done, that is, making a conclusion based on the result of the analysis.

The data are analyzed by way of qualitative research based on Widodo (2000: 132), as described below.

1. Taking the script of the text.
2. Grouping the types and functions of illocutionary acts found in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text
3. Identifying the types and the function of illocutionary act in the United Nation Spokesman Ban Ki Moon’s “Lecture at the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre” Text.
CHAPTER IV
ANALYSIS AND FINDING

4.1 Analysis

This chapter is concerned with the results of the data analyse that cover illocutionary acts expressed in chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech. The first, the data will be analyzed by using Searle’s illocutionary act classification (assertive, directive, commissive, expressive, and declarative). The second, the analysis concerning the functions of illocutionary acts (competitive, convivial, collaborative, and conflictive) is conducted. Finally, it will be identified what function and the use of illocutionary acts in chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s.

The following are the analysis of the functions and the use of illocutionary acts which are found in speech of chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech. The sentences in the speech are numbered and the analysis are given in the brackets.

1. Your Excellency, President Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono,
   Your Excellency Minister of Defense Yusgiantoro,
   Your Excellency Minister of Foreign Affairs Marty Natalegawa
   Brigadier General Iman Eddy Commander of the Indonesia Peace and Security Centre,
   Peacekeepers,
   Peacekeepers in training,
   Members of the diplomatic corps,
   (This sentence contains an expressive type because there is the word “your excellency” used that expresses on he speaker’s attitude and emotions, consequently, it indicates a convivial function that is, he (Ban Ki moon) asks all
the people of Indonesia to express humble, friendly, cheerful, and sincere gratitude to every excellency that present at that time.

2. How about one more time this time louder! Garuda! (applause)  
(This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker (Ban Ki Moon) expresses, he wants hearer take a particular action like command to the society of Indonesia for staying to Garuda as a state symbol and it indicates a to competitive function because he has the aim with the social goal)

3. This is an impressive Centre.  
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and then, it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

4. I would like to highly commend the visionary leadership of President Yudhoyono to have established this excellent training and peace and security centre.  
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he wants to say that highly commend to President Yudhoyono....... and automatically it indicates to collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

5. I hope that this training and peace and security centre will provide many countries, not only in this region, but all members who are contributing to peacekeeping operations to peacekeeping, something that they will fully utilize.  
(This sentence contains a commisive type because there is the word “hope”. He wants the hearer to take a particular action in the future, such as how the society commits in this training and peace and security centre will provide many countries, not only in this region, but all members....... and automatically it indicates to conflictive function, that is, he asks all the people competes with the social goal.)

6. This is a long vision.
7. This is what we need.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because she states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because she states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

8. And I really thank His Excellency President Yudhoyono.
   (This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “thank” word, and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he states something with the social aim, such as thanking.)

9. It’s only natural: when you think of President Yudhoyono, he is the only world leader, all around the world, who has served as a peacekeeper. (applause)
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he asserts something to other people and automatically it indicates a collaborative function that is, he (Ban Ki Moon) has goal indifferent to the social goal.

10. It is a special privilege as Secretary-General of the United Nations to meet so many distinguished military leaders, and also, more importantly, many troops who have contributed to peace and security around the world.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

11. You are the very frontline of our work for peace.
   (This sentence contains a commisive type because the speaker here hopes to all of human in order they are in frontline for peace in this world and automatically it indicates a conflictive function because she has the aim to social purpose.)

12. You have answered the call of service.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

13. I thank you.
14. This morning, I had a very constructive discussion with President Yudhoyono, covering all areas in peace and security matters,

This sentence contains a directive type because he wants to request President Yudhoyono constructive discussion about covering all areas in peace and security matters and automatically it indicates to comparative function.

15. and I’m very happy to visit this centre where you train yourselves to contribute to the maintenance of peace and security, and to the United Nations.

This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “feeling happy” word and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he coincides with the social goal.

16. I deeply appreciate it.

This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “appreciate” word and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he coincides with the social goal.

17. President Yudhoyono, to us in the UN family, you will always be a Blue Helmet.

This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.

18. Thank you very much again.

This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “thank” word and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he coincides with the social goal.

19. Many of you have deployed to our missions around the world.
20. All these missions are very difficult to serve, and very dangerous.

21. Unfortunately, 31 Indonesia men and women have paid the ultimate price,

22. , and I pay my deepest respect to them and to the families of these sacrificed soldiers.

23. I am sure that by my visit here,

24. I will learn a great deal from you.

25. But today I want to share my perspective on the challenges we face and what we are doing to meet them.
indicates a competitive function because he has goal competes with the social purpose.)

26. Peacekeeping is not mentioned anywhere in the United Nations Charter. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it is indicates to collaborative function because he has goal indifferent to the social goal.)

27. But since the days of my distinguished predecessor Dag Hammarskjöld, peacekeeping has been a flagship United Nations activity. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it is indicates to collaborative function because he has goal indifferent to the social goal.)

28. We now have nearly 120,000 peacekeepers serving all around the world, in 15 missions at this time. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

29. The blue helmet is a symbol of hope. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

30. I have seen first-hand how peacekeepers make a real difference in people’s lives. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

31. When conflicts rage, children are out of school for years, until our peacekeepers come and make it safe to go back to class. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

32. Peacekeepers build bridges – physical bridges to cross rivers,
and to cross over broken roads, but more importantly they bridges of trust across communities.  

They help reclaim land poisoned with mines so farmers can plant crops. 

In scores of communities, peacekeepers provide free medical care to local people.  

Most of those people have never been to a hospital or to a clinic in their life  

except when they are treated by peacekeepers, including Indonesians.  

In disasters, our peacekeepers rescue people from wreckage and help get aid to survivors. 

Our Indonesian troops are doing their part. 

Some of you have served in Darfur, in Africa.
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

41. On my way here, I read about one incident there. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

42. Indonesian UN troops were sent to protect internally displaced people in Darfur. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

43. You may know – the Indonesian peacekeepers were not welcomed when they first arrived. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

44. Some threw stones at the blue helmets (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

45. One Indonesian captain explained, the displaced people “did not know that we came to protect them.” (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

46. The peacekeepers needed trust (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

47. but they could not demand or request it (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

48. they had to earn the trust of the people by leading by example. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

49. These Indonesian troops – like our blue helmets everywhere – showed courage and compassion (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

50. That changed everything. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

51. They earned hearts and minds, as we saw in the video. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

52. When a pregnant Sudanese woman in Darfur needed emergency medical care, the Indonesian ambulance rushed to help her. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

53. When the Sudanese military blocked the ambulance from leaving the camp, our Indonesians insisted until they got that woman to the hospital. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

54. You could say this was just a small service for one pregnant woman – but it meant a lot. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

55. It was much more than a small service. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

56. Helping that woman was a brick in the foundation of a solid relationship between the people whom you sent to protect and the peacekeepers. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)
57. You built the bridge between the United Nations and the people of Darfur. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

58. Everywhere our staff builds trust. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

59. Peacekeeping is a global partnership between these uniformed and civilian staff in the field, the UN Security Council and the Member States. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

60. Peacekeeping brings together countries large and small, rich and poor. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

61. Even former foes serve in common cause under the UN flag. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

62. In Lebanon, Indonesia has a ship as part of the UN Maritime Task Force. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

63. I really appreciate that valuable contribution. (This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “appreciate” word and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he has goal coincides with the social goal.)

64. That Indonesian vessel sails alongside ships from Bangladesh, Brazil, Germany, Greece and Turkey. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

65. Indonesia has nearly 1,400 peacekeepers serving in Lebanon.
66. It is one of 37 different countries that send troops to that mission. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

67. This is a remarkable expression of international solidarity. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

68. and it is just one example among 15 UN peacekeeping operations around the world. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

69. Many countries that once hosted UN troops now contribute them. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

70. What drives our peacekeepers’ work is an appreciation of this pact we call burden-sharing. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

71. Peacekeeping does cost but let us put this in perspective. (This sentence contains a directive type because he wants to request the hearer for putting in perspective and automatically it indicates a competitive function because he has the goal competes with the social goal.)

72. More than sixty years of United Nations peacekeeping cost far less than what the world spends on the military in under six weeks. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

73. Peacekeeping is a wise investment that brings huge returns. Clearly, we have the ability to do so.
74. All States can contribute.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

75. We need personnel, equipment, funds and ideas.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

76. I thank the Government of Indonesia, along with the United States, Australia and the Republic of Korea, my own country, for supporting this Centre.
(This sentence contains an expressive because there is “thank” word there and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he has goal coincides with the social purpose.)

77. I also appreciate regional engagement by ASEAN, which has shown a great commitment to peacekeeping.
(This sentence contains an expressive because there is “appreciate” word there and automatically it indicates a convivial function because he has goal coincides with the social purpose.)

78. I am encouraged by this region’s efforts to network its peacekeeping training centres.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

79. This has great potential to strengthen Asia’s contribution to peacekeeping.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he describes something and...
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

80. Just last month, ASEAN and the UN held a workshop together in Jakarta on conflict prevention, peacemaking and peacebuilding. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

81. The United Nations is committed to strengthening this collaboration. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

82. More and more, UN peacekeepers are called on to protect civilians from violence. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

83. This is the focus of more than half of our peacekeeping missions, including those in Darfur, South Sudan and the Democratic Republic of the Congo. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

84. We go into volatile environments with a daunting task: to build lasting peace. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

85. We can only succeed when our people can act quickly and flexibly. (This sentence contains a directive type because he wants advice every people if they want to be succeed, they must quickly and flexibly and automatically it indicates a competitive function because he has goal competes with the social purpose.)

86. They need the latest technology and tools to get the job done. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

87. In peacekeeping jargon, we speak of “enablers and multipliers.” (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

88. Not many people understand what that means. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

89. Let me break that down.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

90. These are the helicopters, engineering units and the military medical hospitals that make it possible for troops to do more than they could on their own.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

91. Think of South Sudan.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

92. The newest nation on Earth.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

94. It was mired in a war that killed over two million people and sent twice as many fleeing from their country.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

95. Two million people were killed, and four million people left their country.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

96. South Sudan is roughly twice the size of Malaysia, but it has less than 100 kilometres of paved roads.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

97. When I visited South Sudan I was so humbled.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

98. There are no roads, in such a huge country.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

99. Darfur is the size of France.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

100. Again, there are not many roads where cars can travel.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

101. When you need to deploy troops you need helicopters, you need airplanes.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

102. Without them, they can’t move around.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

103. That’s what we call enablers, enabling our soldiers to work properly.
   (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)
104. I asked President Yudhoyono whether the Indonesia Government might consider contributing helicopters to our peacekeeping operations. (This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “advising indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

105. and I hope that he will consider positively. (This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “request indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

106. I am constantly calling on Member States that have helicopters to provide them to our missions. (This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “command indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

107. I am also calling for more military engineers. (This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “request indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

108. They pave roads where there are none to help our peacekeepers move from point A to point B. (This sentence contains a assertive type because the speaker states something automatically it is indicates to collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)
109. And years after the blue helmets leave, the roads are still there, for reconstruction, development and daily life, for their own people. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

110. I place great importance on training for peacekeeping. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

111. When a soldier or a police officer deploys to a UN mission she or he has a sacred duty. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

112. They go where civilians are traumatized. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

113. In many cases, innocent men, women and children have suffered at the hands of soldiers and other fighters. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

114. Peacekeepers have a special duty to show that the United Nations respects and protects human rights, and protect the lives of the civilian population. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

115. We ought to admire the tough endurance and creativity of our people. (This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “requesting indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of his speech to the social goal.)

116. That is why your individual conduct is so critical to our global mission.
I have praised the heroic acts of our peacekeepers who serve with honour. (This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “praised” word and automatically it is indicates to convivial function because the aim of his speech to the social goal.)

They make us all proud. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

As Secretary-General I have been paying a lot of attention [to peacekeeping], (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

because I have my own experiences as a young boy, growing up after the Korean War. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

I have seen the flags and role of the United Nations in Korea. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

The United Nations flag, and United Nations peacekeepers – the United Nations itself -- was the beacon of hope for all Korean people at that time.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

123. They came and rescued us from the aggression of communists, they rebuilt our country,
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

124. and they educated [us].
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

125. They made our society and our communities build back better.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

126. That’s why I’m now standing [here] as Secretary-General of the United Nations: only owing to such great and generous help, and sacrifice, of the United Nations.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

127. Whenever I travel in many countries, whenever I visit peacekeeping operations,
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)
128. I always tell them: “Please have a bigger sense of hope, don’t despair!
(This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says something in
order that the hearer takes a particular action “requesting indirectly” and
automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech
to the social goal.)

129. It may be very difficult for you.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something
with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

130. But look at me.
(This sentence contains adirective type because the speaker says to “commands”
every people whoever listen him and automatically it is indicates to competitive
function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

131. As a young boy, I was very poor.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something
with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

132. [We were] almost on the verge of collapse of the country.
((This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and
automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he reports something
with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

133. But because there was the United Nations, because there is still the United
Nations, you can have hope
(This sentence contains acommisive type because the speaker says something in
order that the hearer commits in doing some future action, it can be seen from
“hope” word and automatically it is indicates to conflictive function because it has goal conflicts with the social goal.)

134. and you can build back better [in] your country.
(This sentence contains directive type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “challenges indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

135. This is my message to you.
(This sentence contains directive type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “advising indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

136. In Indonesia, as one of the emerging countries,
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he reports something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

137. you have a moral and a political responsibility to help those people.
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

138. You have risen from very difficult…
(This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

139. I know how difficult a process you have come [through], in terms of national security, in terms of democratic [reform], you have struggled
(This sentence contains a directive type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer takes a particular action “advising indirectly” and automatically it is indicates to competitive function because the aim of her speech to the social goal.)

140. In building up comprehensively and conceptually the basis for the amendment, there seems to be some points that need further contemplation and require us to address them fundamentally. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

141. to have your country democratized, and you have such a great leader in President Yudhoyono. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

142. please know you are not alone. (This sentence contains an assertive type because he states something and automatically it indicates a collaborative function because he states something with the aim at ignoring the social purpose.)

143. You carry high hopes from the communities you serve and great expectations from our wide world. (This sentence contains a commissive type because the speaker says something in order that the hearer commits in doing some future action, it can be seen from “hope” word and automatically it is indicates to conflictive function because it has goal conflicts with the social goal.)

144. Thank you very much. (This sentence contains an expressive type because there is “thank” word and automatically it indicates a concvivial function because he states something with the aim coincides with the social purpose.)

The data which have been analyzed above, can be described through the table below, in order that the readers of this research get a clear information concerning
functions and the use of illocutionary acts found in Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech.

Table 1: The Identification of the Functions and the Use of Illocutionary Act Expressed in Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No</th>
<th>Script of the Speech</th>
<th>Functions and the Use of Illocutionary Act Expressed in Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Types of Illocutionary Act</td>
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<td>Assertive  Directive  Commissive  Expressive  Declarative  Competitive  Convivial  Collaborative  Conflictive</td>
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</table>
Based on the analysis above, the percentages of functions and the use of illocutionary acts which are found in Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech can be described through the table below.

**4.2 Findings**

Table 2: Frequencies of the Functions and the Use of Illocutionary Acts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Types of Illocutionary Act</th>
<th>Functions of Illocutionary Act</th>
<th>Frequencies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Assertive</td>
<td>Collaborative</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Directive</td>
<td>Competitive</td>
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<td>3.</td>
<td>Commisive</td>
<td>Conflictive</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Expressive</td>
<td>Convivial</td>
<td>11</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Declarative</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</table>
It was discovered that the speech of Ban Ki Moon contains sentences that are assertive where total frequencies are 114, while 4 of the sentences are commissive and 15 are directive, while the sentences that are expressive are 11, while declarative in his speech is not appear. The Ban Ki Moon’s Speech mainly used assertives, directives and expressive.

Based on the data above, the collaborative is more dominant than other functions of illocutionary act. The collaborative function constitutes one of the functions with has the aim at ignoring social function, such as asserting, reporting and instructing. Then, the assertive includes to the collaborative function in Illocutionary act. The data show that the assertive type and collaborative function are more dominant in his speech.

Through the explanation about the functions of illocutionary act in chapter II, it has been mentioned that assertive as a type of illocutionary act is the utterances of speaker in a form claim, report, statement, conveys, and description. In his speech, he utterances many statements or reports about United Nation peacekeeping missions with Indonesian country. Then, in his speech, there are many reports, like; Indonesia will provide United Nation peacekeeping forces with three transport helicopters and up to 4,000 troops in an effort to bolster peacekeeping effort in war-torn sub Saharan Africa and worldwide, officials announced after United Nation Secretary General Ban Ki Moon’s speech in Sentul, Bogor on Tuesday.
His speech also gives some of motivations to the all countries in order follow the trace of Indonesia which has sent peacekeeping to the country that still face conflict. It can be seen from Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono’s speech which has sent peacekeeping, “we now have a more challenging goal to become one of the 10 countries in the world to contribute up to 10,000 peacekeeping forces,” Yudhoyono said in his introductory speech.” It can be concluded that he hopes for another countries can send their peacekeeping through United Nation. Furthermore, Ban Ki Moon’s speech, it can be known that Indonesia currently has 1,400 troops stationed in Lebanon and were among forces sent to protect internally displaced people in Darfur’s refugee camps.

In Ban Ki Moon’s speech, he also states about emergency medical care. He said that when a pregnant Sudanese woman in Darfur needed emergency medical care, the Indoensian ambulance rushed to help her,” when the Sudanese military blocked the ambulance from leaving the camp, our Indonesians insisted until they got that woman to the hospital.

Additionally, in his speech, researcher also takes conclusion that military skills have to be able to work with militaryforces from various countries, have anti teror skills and know about peacekeeping. Then, they also must have knowledge of the culture and language to which they have been assigned.

From the all explanations above, these are the researcher’s reason why it is taken assertive type and collaborative function more dominant than others.
CHAPTER V
CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5. 1 Conclusion

As observed in the process or act of saying something, other speech acts are performed. In other words, when a speaker speaks, they perform three speech acts at the same time, that is, locutionary act, illocutionary act, and perlocutionary act. It is added that there is no sentence that does not contain one speech act. Somebody’s speech acts in a work portray their personality as the speaker. Hence, the speech of Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s portrays his personality as a direct and open-minded as a secretary general.

It is discovered from the speech of the Ban Ki Moon that democratic government places premium on the interest of the people. The speech act theory used as the framework in the analysis of the speech Ban Ki Moon enables us to explore the language use of secretary general. This fact is confirmed by the speech acts that are manifested through the analysis. Through the application of the speech act theory to study the speech of Ban Ki Moon, the readers are better equipped in understanding his speeches.

The analysis of the speech acts especially illutionary acts has dug deeper or further meaning in the speech and has enabled the readers to understand various communicative functions performed in the process of making a speech, especially, from the Chairman of United Nation’s speech. The study of Ban Ki Moon’s speech has also justified the fact that the governed (people) are given
prominence in any democratic rule and the identified speech acts in the speech portrayed the Chairman of the United Nation Ban Ki Moon’s Speech.

5.2 Recommendation

It is recommended that the readers of this research should do any research concerning speech acts that are there in any activity of human speech at any time. It should be known that the speech acts performed can be in the form of locutionary act, illocutionary act, and perlocutionary act which show different meaning of speech.

It is suggested that the readers of this thesis should have knowledge concerning speech acts in order that they can be good participants in a speech activity. In other words, they can understand well what their partners actually mean in their expressions.

For researchers who are interested in doing the same kind of study, it is suggested that they should apply another theory of speech act, that is locutionary act or perlocutionary act. As the theories of speech act, both which can be found in other forms of speech need to be studied.