ABSTRACT

The title of this thesis is "ANALISIS KESALAHAN PENGGUNAAN KATA KETERANGAN FREKUENSI “常常” (cháng cháng) DAN “往往” (wǎng wǎng) DALAM KALIMAT BAHASA MANDARIN”. chángcháng and wǎngwǎng is often translated as “often” in English and is used widely in Chinese conversation nowadays. They have similarities in meaning that most students have difficulties in using chángcháng and wǎngwǎng. Writer focuses on the usages and grammar characteristics of chángcháng and wǎngwǎng to find out types and causes of error in using both words, and uses a descriptive qualitative as a method, and datas are collected by distributing questioners to the students. The result shows that students make errors in using chángcháng and wǎngwǎng, being not able to master the sentence structure and grammar point.

Key words: chángcháng, wǎngwǎng, Chinese grammar, descriptive qualitative