INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of Analysis

Nowadays, language is obviously a vital tool in human beings’ life. People need language to communicate one another, in which one of the key to how to communicate one another and exchange ideas. Therefore, language is called a system of communication and interaction, particularly in social life. Since language is very important, we must learn how to use it properly. We must be responsible on what and how we say. By means of language you can improve both your mind and personality.

A language is more than apparently simple stream of sound that flows from the tongue of a native speaker. It is a complex system of communication with various levels of complexity involving intricate selection and ordering of meanings, sounds, and larger units and arrangements.

Linguists and others have defined language in various ways rather than attempting a full definition here, we will identify language by pointing out some distinctive features. Hall (1968:158) cites: “Language is the institution whereby humans communicate and interact with each other by means of habitually used oral-auditory symbols.”

Lado (1961:2) cites: “Language is primarily an instrument of communication among human beings in community which speaks the same language. A community who speaks the same language is language community.”
Another linguist, Brown (1970:102) cites: “Language is a behavior, that is a phase of human activity which must not be treated in essence as structurally divorced from the structural of non verbal human activity. The activity of man constitutes a structural whole in such a way that it cannot be sub-divided into neat parts or level or compartment with language in a behavioral compartment insulated in character, content, and organization from other behavior.”

Referring to the statement above, we conclude that languages play a crucial role in our life and it also shows behavior. Languages are used to communicate to one another as signs which you can tell someone what you see and what you think. Although we can get something without using a verbal language, still it doesn’t work well, therefore, we can not live without language whenever and whereever we are.

In this era of globalization, one of the most important languages in the world is English. It develops greatly as human use it in their activities and can even be called to be the single most important language. As it is a universal language in any part of the world, it makes at least a few people in each locality know the language. In spite of these people might not have the same accent as others, they at least can understand one another. In Indonesia itself, English language plays a role as a second language or a foreign language, therefore people in Indonesia should master it as a second or a foreign language, for it is an international language.

In the international community, English is used as an official language, the language of administration, commerce, business, etc. It is also the language of
education since a lot of books are written in English; moreover, the presence of English as a universal language assumes importance in fact that more people leave their countries not only for business and pleasure, but also for their study. English becomes a medium in their study for those who will go to other countries to study. This is because the individual will not be able to learn a subject in the language of a country. As a matter of fact, English has been a compulsory subject learned in many countries around the world. Further Bloomfield (1953:57) cites: “English has been spoken by more native speakers than any other language except, presumably, North Chinese, if we count the important factor of foreign speakers, English is the most widespread of language.”

In producing English language, sometimes people can make some errors. Speech errors are often found in spontaneous speech, such as in everyday speech. People usually think that producing speech is any easy thing, they can produce sentences automatically by using their articulatory programs to convey their thought. Therefore, most of them do not prepare full planning before addressing a speech, especially in making spontaneous speech. Clark and Clark (1977:223) cites: ‘Talking seems to require little thought or effort, In most conversations the words flow with just the least bit of mental urging, People think about what they want to say and their tongues seem to take care of the rest, automatically putting their thoughts into words’.

Actually, speaking is not as easy as we think, especially when we want to speak about difficult thing. For instance, if we want to describe a certain room. First of all, we should think about the wide of the room, the location of the room,
and what are in it. Thus, speakers must formulate a plan accurately before addressing a speech. In addition, speakers should plan where to start first. Therefore, in speaking activity, speakers should know about speech planning and execution. Fauziati (2008:137) cites: “Thus, producing speech seems to follow two types of processes: planning and execution”. Planning is a process in speaker’s mind to plan what he or she wants to talk about. While execution is a process of uttering the segments, words, phrase based on speaker’s plan.”

In most crucial human activities, success depends on knowledge, skill and self-confidence. There are some characteristics, which form the basis of effective speech. Without the knowledge, the speech will become nonsense or even not being successful. Without self-confidence, the speaker stumble and lack of power. Without skill, expression is often crude or monotonous

Referring to the statement above about the importance of language which is related to the speech production process, the writer are intested to analyze the language as it is spoken on television. As we all know that today no body can deny that television has become an important part of our lives as it affects our daily routine. It has been a telecomunication medium which is fully informative. In accordance with the era development, television offers a lot of interesting programs such as in education, entertainment, news program, talk show, quizzes, variety of shows, etc.

One of the most favourite TV channels in Indonesia is Metro TV. This TV channel offers a lot of interesting programs and the most favourite programs are news programs dan talk shows in English language. One of the most favourite talk
show programs is ‘Talk Indonesia”, broadcasted by Dalton Tanonaka and two other guest commentators. In this case, the writer chose ‘Talk Indonesia’ program as the data of analysis because she found a lot of spontaneous speech errors made by the interviewers and commentators during the progress of the program. Beside that, the program always discuss up-to-dated and hot topics have happened recently. The spontaneity in producing speech during this program leads the occurance of speech errors. It is natural considering that producing spontaneous speech is not easy.

Speech errors phenomenon is very interesting to be invistigated because from speech errors we can observe how linguistics and speaker’s mind are related each other. Therefore, the writer conducted this study by using psycholinguistics approach because speech errors is included in speech production study, which speech production study is one of psycholinguistics concerns.

A side from that, both for the psychological and linguistics point of view, these elements are related each other for it is based elements, we can see that a speaker may be successful in his/her speech. This is a tool to a speaker to give some influences which make his/her speech interesting. This is the tool to a speaker to influence his/her audience in giving them interesting information.

As the topic related to Psycholiguistics, the writer would like to discuss some of them in the next chapter.

From this statement, the writer tries to figure up the problems. The writers would like to analyze the speech errors in interviews in “Talk Indonesia” Program on Metro TV. The writer intends to identify some speech errors, such as:
silent pause, filled pause, false starts (untraced), false starts (retraced), repeat, correction, interjection, stutter, slip of the tongue with its sub-types.

The problem occurs now, whether or not those elements above made by the interviewer and commentators in “Talk Indonesia” Program. In this occasion, the writer is interested in analyzing the speech errors in broadcasting, especially the “talk show program” on television.

1.2 Problem of Analysis

Based on the background mentioned above, the writer is concerned to analyze what speech errors that the interviewer and commentators make in “Talk Indonesia” Program on Metro TV.

1.3 Objective of Analysis

The objective of this analysis is to analyze the speech errors made by the interviewer and commentators in “Talk Indonesia” Program on Metro TV.

1.4 Significance of Analysis

It is expected that this thesis will be beneficial for the readers to improve their knowledge on psycholinguistics, speech production, and speech errors, especially for those who are interested in speech errors, so that they can avoid in making errors in speaking on talk show program on television or radio.

Referring to the reasons above, the writer would like to figure up some speech errors that may occur in interviewing by the TV’s interviewer and the
commentators. The types of errors to be analyzed are according to Clark theory (1977), they are: silent pause, filled pause, false starts (unretraced), false starts (retraced), repeat, correction, interjection, stutter, slip of the tongue with its subtypes.

1.5 Scope of Analysis

The scope that the writer would like to view is about the speech errors of interview expressed by the interviewer and commentators occurred during “Talk Indonesia” Program on Metro TV.