CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of the Analysis

Language is one of tools of communication that human needs to share what they are thinking about. Language has so many kinds in order that we can share something to other people by various ways. Language has many functions in communication, for instance, we can integrate or separate a country by language. There are so many ways to convey what our thinking is, for example by speaking and writing. In this thesis, the writer will analyze the language of two leaders in the form of speeches that were used for communication to their society specifically, these are the president inaugural speeches delivered by two prime ministers of Australia, i.e. Julia Gillard and John Howard. The writer uses president inaugural speeches for her analysis because she can know their real vision and mission of Julia Gillard and John Howard using language in their president inaugural speeches, what are the presidents feeling and action and how they convey their ideas in those speeches?

It is fact that a leader needs to communicate through his order speech process because a leader needs to share what she or he is thinking through his communication to his society by doing communication. A leader will put political strategies and forward they practiced to his society.

Language consists of three levels or strata, namely Phonology, Lexicogrammatical, and Discourse / Semantic. Halliday (1978:40) says,“…. Any text represents an actualization (a path through the system) at each level: the level of meaning, the level of saying (or wording, to use the folk of linguistic term for the
lexicogrammatical system, and of course the level of *sounding or writing*. In this thesis, the writer uses transitivity theory to analyze the speeches of Julia Gillard and John Howard prime ministers.

The writer thinks she can explore processes that relate to the transitivity process due to Halliday Functional System. The writer thinks that transitivity theory is the most suitable theory to analyze text of written speeches due to the transitivity system.

The transitivity system provides some types of process with own characteristics and function. The transitivity is divided into three points, they are Participants, processes, and circumstances. Participant is the doer that does an action in a clause. This participant will be named by own name in each of types process of transitivity, For example killing is a kind of material process and the participant or the doer will have different name with hearing as the mental process. Then, processes are actions that done by the doer or the participants based on their types, and in those two president inaugural speeches, it portrays those aspects of transitivity found in processes in those two speeches, like wise Enggins (2004:210) says that, “Transitivity construes the world of experience into a manageable set of process types.” By transitivity we can analyze the types of processes, what type of processes are mostly used in the text. Next, circumstances is the background of process that done by the participants. On the other words, circumstances can be location, time, manner, etc in which the participant does some actions. Halliday (1994:151) quoted in Thompson’s book (1996:105) proposes nine main types of circumstantial elements. They are location, extent, manner, cause, Contingency, accompaniment, role, matter, angle.
In this thesis, the writer explores these six types of transitivity found in the two president inaugural speeches, e.g. material, mental, relational, behavioral, verbal, and existential processes.

As said previously in this thesis, the writer discusses about president inaugural speeches of two Prime Ministers Australia, i.e. Julia Gillard, and John Howard. These two speeches are interested to be analyzed because the writer can find the most dominant type of processes used by president, especially two presidents of Australia, Julia Gillard and John Howard. Then, we can make conclusion what type is commonly used by prime ministers of Australia in president inaugural speeches. This chapter needs to describe about the country of origin of those two prime ministers. That is Australia.

Australia is a country that has more 21 one million people. Indigenous people and foreign people come from more than 200 hundreds countries. The capital of Australia is Canberra. Australia has 6 states and 2 territories; they are New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, Western Australia, Northern Territory, and Australian Capital Territory. Australia uses parliamentary system in its governance. Australia forms constitutional monarchy. Australia has queen that relating to England is Elizabeth Queen II. Then, Australia has three big political parties. They are labor, liberal, and national. Julia Gillard, Prime minister of Australia now, come labor political party.

John Howard was born on 26th July 1939. He is the 25th prime minister of Australia. John Howard is known as the second longest Australia prime minister after Sir Robert Menzies. He became prime minister of Australia from 11th March 1996 to
3rd December 2007. He was from liberal party and changed Paul Keating in 1996. He has a wife, Janneta Howard and has three children. They are Melanie, Tim, and Richard. Besides prime minister and leader of his family, he likes doing sport, cricket and Rugby.

Julia Gillard was born on 29th September, 1961. She is the 27th prime minister of Australia and also the first woman who became prime minister in Australia. Julia Gillard is from labor party and change Kevin Rudd as the leader and prime minister. Julia Gillard won the general election in July 2010. In her vision as prime minister of Australia, she concentrates her vision in health, education, immigration and weather changes. We know that Julia Gillard disagree with Gay Marriage that many people do this nowadays. She argues that marriage is only by a man and a woman.

1.2 Problems of Analysis

The problems of this analysis are:

1. How many transitivity processes that are found in the two president inaugural speeches of Prime Minister of Australia?
2. What is the most dominant type of process that used in their inaugural speeches?
3. Why it is one more dominant than the other?
1.3 Objective of the Analysis

The objectives of the analysis are to:

1. Find out transitivity processes in the two inaugural speeches of Australia Prime Minister.

2. Find out the most dominant process that used in the two inaugural speeches of Australia Prime Minister.

3. Find out the reason why it is more dominant than the other.

1.4 Scope of the Analysis

This analysis focuses on transitivity processes found in president inaugural speeches of two Prime Ministers of Australia. They are Julia Gillard and John Howard.

1.5 Significances of Analysis

In analyzing transitivity processes, there are some significances, they are:

1. The readers can understand how many transitivity processes that used in the two president inaugural speeches of Australia prime minister.

2. To enrich the study of transitivity verbs.

3. Theoretically it gives information about transitivity processes in a text and how the texts work as they do.