1. Today, we are learn about vowels.
2. In English language, we have 2 types of vowels.
3. We have long vowels and short vowels and those are two different sounds, same letters, same spelling but with just two sounds, we say a long vowels and short vowels.
4. A long vowels, first thing already, the alphabets.
5. I love the alphabets.
6. All right, listen to me the alphabet first, and then you will be
8. Ok, so vowels …We have long vowels and short vowels, and usually like one word, adverb are stronger. Short vowels, we usually make this rules sign about … but the indication and different pronunciation.
9. Long vowels, the best sign, are the same, yah … as what you just pronounce the alphabet A B C D and soon.
10. There is something called a diphthong. A diphthong D-I-P-H-T-H-O-N-G.
11. A diphthong is one letter, you have two sounds like we start up.
12. A, that’s the diphthong, and then E, another diphthong is I and O, and U is a diphthong as well. But, U is different, I will explain that later.
13. Do you have anything A I U E O, Ok.
14. Now, the short vowel sounds is what most when I’ve been what most Indonesian have most difficulty with the short vowels because some of these, you don’t have in your language.
15. We have A, and then we have a, and then E, and then we have e, I and then we have i, O and o, U and then we have u, Ehmm…yah.
16. Now, in this class, we just learn to talk about sound, but you know this, so some words have their spells, kind like an eye-way, you know they ? it doesn’t look like this sound, what they look like.
17. In bahasa, we very much say exactly what those like the word a-p-a is apa.
18. And then, the other words, climax sounds, what they would like their sounds.
19. You know in English, isn’t the case.
20. There are some words, letter spell exactly the same, but depending on the context, you will change the sound.
21. Ok, good! So, long vowels, short vowels. This word, on “a”. First, what I want you to do just listen to … oh! And…if there’s a word you don’t understand the meaning, you can ask if you want to, but it’s not necessary that you understand the meaning, just knowing the sound.
22. Listen.
23. Listen to me say the word and repeat after me, and then we’ll go the word, Play, Lay, Say, Make, Pay, Bay, Bake, Place.
24. Anytime that you close at the time then you see a-e together, the sound is e.
25. Ok, that sound is pretty because it’s mostly with “e”, right? like SEHAT, SEHAT that’s the same, the pronunciation is different, so SEHAT.
26. Ok, good job! Ok, now the short “a” would be difficult.
27. Ok, when we talk about sound, when you say “a” word, the sound comes from my different place in your mouth.
28. So, you have the vocal cord, larynx, _ you know vocal cord? larynx? to make sound, but the sound will either sound like it’s coming from the back yard like A but, we might say it’s from the front of your mouth.
29. Ok, let’s listening my profile. We have sounds that come from here, here, and here, inside the tongue.
30. A, a, e, you get the difference.
31. Ok, when we say “a”, we are moving the sound from the back to the front, but A stay right in the middle. It depends on the tongue. Your tongue is down and it’s touching the back of my teeth.
32. Let’s try again! say the word, Bat, Bag, Hand, Plan, Jam, Flat, Back, Cat, Lamp. Jam is a funny word, because depending on where you go in United States, people say differently. Some people say ‘jam’. It’s like a … they put “y”, j-y-a-m.
33. Let’s go, let’s say the word, Bag, Cat, Tap.
34. Paul is a student that came from America, the timing out, always especially beginning when the people’s learning like jam satu, jam dua, he would say, jem satu, jem dua.
35. Oh no.. no.. jam satu, jam dua.
36. They’ll be bad pronunciation, right?
37. Ok, e, this will be quite easy. In this language, because we have the same sound, right? you have the sound in Bahasa.
38. Ok, but .. sometimes, you get “ea” together sometimes “ee” together.
39. So, very much to see the sound, the words: Seem, Weak, Sea, Plea, Week.
40. Week and Weak, same sound but different meaning.
41. Ok, the sounds, however, it’s going to be a little bit different.
42. This is A - e.
43. A is a little bit middle back, a is one little back.
44. Say it one more time!
45. The reason why is letter is different between A and a is important? because … let’s see … yah! If you say Bad – Bed, what is that? last night, I slept on my bed, it will be what? you slept on what? you slept on your bed last night or?
46. That’s different.
47. It’s a slight very small different in a context but makes a big difference because they almost sound same.
48. Ok, let’s go.
49. ehmm… Ok Dewi! Let’s say! Bread.
50. That’s funny because sometimes, I say that my name is Brett, what? Bread roti? That’s different.
51. Smile your mouth, P- E-T.
52. Ok, good job! Ok, like I said before I is a diphthong which means two sounds for one letter like “ie”.
53. yeah! Ok, Lie, Die.
54. Ai starts with A, Pie.
55. In the American English Pronunciation Class, it will _ four more ai.
56. All right, ok, let’s start again!
57. Say: Kind, Good!
58. Die.
59. What about Bite?
60. Say Time.. yah! That’s good.
61. Bite Time, all right! Good!
62. Say.. Light and Time.
63. Ok, good!
64. Ok, that’s good.
65. Another sound, short vowel sound, so we have A, a, and the difference between this sound, a and e.
66. Just listen first, a – e.
67. The difference is my tongue.
68. A, my tongue is touching the back of my tongue.
69. E, your tongue will spread out, E – e.
70. Ok, listen!
71. Heat, Skill, Bill, River.
73. I want to say River not Rever.
74. This is very hard because the sound is so similar.
75. When you say “e” your tongue is like very close to the top of your mouth, yah?
76. E, my tongue is not close to the top of my mouth.
77. e – E, Drop your tongue in the middle.
78. We’ll really welcome to tongue exercise.
79. Wish we tongue exercise next week.
80. But, if I said this “I want eat or I want to eat”.
81. “I want eat” sounds like a bad grammar statement for “I want to eat”.
82. Ok, River, it seems to be the hardest.
83. Ok, Picks, Leaf, Middle, Liver, Leave, Skill.

84. That’s great! When you say those that sound is perfect for River “e” the sound is very similar.
85. Spelling more time it sounds different.
86. If you can practice “e” “E”, somebody may tell the difference.
87. When you say “e”, what is your tongue touched?
88. My tongue touches my teeth right here and right here. e but there’s a gap or space in the middle. E - e, yah..
89. My tongue is pressure.
90. Only “E”.
91. Only E there’s no pressure, and my tongue in the middle is a little bit wide.
92. “E” the pressure is on the tip of my tongue against the back of my teeth. E – e, when I say “e” the tip of my tongue doesn’t have to touch teeth.
93. It’s not touching, but E, it has to touch the back of my teeth.
94. Now, what we go on to do is do “E”.
95. Ok, good! Good some make sense ‘E’.
96. Good some pressure on your top teeth, yah ? and your teeth touches nothing.
97. It doesn’t happen, it could, it will not matter because your pressure of your tongue or teeth or E, I’m not sure that it maybe touches my teeth, just a little but the pressure is right on your mouth or my tongue.
98. Next is O.
99. The class of Intermediate is five.
100. Ok, The long vowels starts sound o, O, good!
101. Ok, Boat, Pool, Post, Show, Cow.
102. Ok, we have this sound, like this POST, maybe also o and a together same sound, do you know the rules on vowels? when two sounds are together like this, usually, you take the sounds of the first vowel long.
103. Now, we will have same changes, now I think usual it’s always exception in English.
104. Ok, POST, ok and then listen!
105. O - W – E, this word is in exception, usually when o and w are together, the sound is au.
106. But, yah.. however, with this word ‘o’ is ‘o’ and OWNER is the same OWNER.
107. Good!
108. Post, Goal.
109. O sounds is in the back, yah? it’s almost like long.
110. Ehmm… Show, Cough.
111. Oh.. let’s change going down and more upperlips coming up.
112. Good! There are the sounds in your language.
113. So, that’s very easy.
114. Ok! I put this two together because they use sounds similar.
115. We have A, I, said APA and then, “o”, listen! “aw” and make it one sound.
116. ‘o’ is like more back.

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**Data II**
**Date:** 26\(^{th}\) of January 2010
**Time:** 3 pm – 4 pm
**Place:** Hang – out class

1. Hello.
2. American Idol was *biggest* show that I watched more than 2 hours.
3. I thought it was to be going to more than 2 hours show, but it was okey.
4. It was as funny as some the others at the show.
5. Some the others, ehm.. sorry, sorry.
6. Not yet, it hasn’t really, they have all come together to sing, so I think, maybe, next week, or the week after that, they all come together, then sing, and then usually, we choose favourites.
7. That I was in “lay – cup” reality show.
8. It’s a show like obstacle show.
9. _ You know obstacle show ?
10. Obstacle show, it’s like a game show and people have to run across the small pieces of wood, was something and then they have like finish the jumper, climb up, and then, yah..
11. Anyway, that’s the obstacle that we have to do.
12. Oh really ? Ninja Warrior ?
13. This show is more funny because people.. yah! They just really funny.
14. They’re not like sport people, I mean some of them are like really fat people and they try to run, you know they treat then fall, we laugh.
15. It’s really funny.
16. We have a lay- cup Australia too, but maybe like the one in America better because the humour, I understand, maybe the Australian humour.
17. I don’t get so.
18. Recording live from the LCE, this is Brett, signing up!
19. So, is this I mean is the radio programme gonna be told me different that one request before ?
20. oh yeah ! it will be different.
21. So, you’ll be like having people then you interview, it’s like .
22. Oh.. political people.
23. Maybe you can take an interview the major.
24. With the major ?
25. You should ask him, he’s the major, why he’s so boring talking to you right now, then you tell me that.
26. I met the major, well, the last major.
27. I’m not sure what is his name.
28. It was an English Speech Competition and I was judging there.
29. I don’t think so.
30. He was like a guest star.
31. He showed his face, _ you know this say he showed his face ? he just come in and showed his face for a few second.
32. It’s like a big campus, very big campus.
33. He was there.
34. So, he walked to me, then I stand up and I shake his hand, and then sehat.
35. I don’t know, that’s always said SEHAT.
36. No, sudah ?
37. No, I haven’t.
38. I probably should know what other people are talking idol, right ?
39. Yeah !
40. Although I don’t hate you, I’m happy to say that I will be there in the end of the day, means as last I will hate you.
41. I don’t know what that means, sorry.
42. Put on one second, I’ve to go to rescue, I’ll be back.
43. This is Brett at the LCE, and here with Diana.
44. Diana, how are you today ?
45. I’m good, today would be 33’ celcius and raining later on today.
Thank you for that point weather report.
And now, on to sport.
Just kidding!

Data III
Date: 27th of January 2010
Time: 4 pm – 5.30 pm
Place: Game class

1. This is something that is plastic, that is put in a trash cane.
2. Mengerti trash cane?
3. Okey, pass!
4. This is someone who is another spy but they are called a …
5. No, but close another word for that.
6. Okey, this is if my mother divorces, and she remarries, I have a new …
7. Good job!
8. Okey, the other word _ private eye.
9. Do you know that?
10. Kind like a spyer, private eye.
11. Private eye, but synonym the word when I find people together use their eyes.
12. That’s the technology, the category of the tape record.
13. This is a machine that cleans your dishes, in America, they’re very common.
14. A dish washer, it’s like a special machine and we put our dishes in it, quite faster, dish washer.
15. I know, like I am but dish washer, it’s true.
16. This is a little piece of paper that you write things on and it’s sticky in one side, it’s a memo, but it’s also called a ..
17. three words, bla bla bla.
18. This is something you put on this when you wanna to stay and plays.
19. What kind of gel?
20. Good job!
21. The other thing which is correct _ post it note.
22. If you go to the book store, it’s called your brand name, post it note, it’s sticky, a little the piece is sticky, but its post heighten its note.
23. So, what are you, two or one?
24. you get a point.
25. Do I get a point?
26. Oh.. I get a point, are you sure?
27. okey.
28. These are, it is a snack and lays.
29. One brand is Lays, and another brander like Chitato and many from …
30. Ehmm..
31. This is another word for drug.
32. You will say to be drug like to be drink too much alcohol then someone is said to be drug but this is another word for that.
33. That’s so crazy, It’s very American.
34. The word was an Toxicade, do you know that word?
35. Potato chip.
36. You right.
37. You get one more time.
38. Take a minute change the category.
39. It’s too fast because I’m not doing one.
40. I’m English speaker.
41. This is a rat, it’s something that smaller.
42. It’s a rat but smaller, when you see in your house, woman go and arrrrrggghhh !!!!
43. No scream. It’s about mouse.
44. oopss!!
45. Okey, this is like something that you put in a bowl or pot.
46. This is general word for that.
47. You need to be in my team, ya?
48. Ok, so crazy!
49. Well, the first over mouse. I think mouse, like it is a rat but it’s small.
50. The other word dish.
51. A dish, like a plate in a plastic doesn’t from dishes, but that one would be dish.
52. Do you know what the sweet tart is?
53. Sweet tart is a specific kind of an American candy.
54. It is brown and it’s sour.
55. Another word sour is tart, t-a-r-t.
56. Not in America, so it’s sweet tart.
57. This is what happen when you arriving on way now, on the ground part.
58. Sssssttt! You say two words, something is not full, and you don’t know in it.
59. Flat tire.
60. Do you know dining car is?
61. It’s a specific car or train.
62. A train has like the first car, is in engine, and the last is a caboose, and there is different kinds, but if it is where they have tables and the people can eat, and it’s called a dining car.
63. Hog is another word for pig.
64. H- O- G is the same as pig, well hog is maybe larger.
65. This is a vehicle or transportation for children take when they go to study.
66. What kind?

Data IV
Date: 28th of January 2010
Time: 3 pm – 5 pm
Place: Hang-out class

1. And I said it’s in Indonesia radio station, I always just to practice listening, so I was on my driving, why can’t understand? but, I need to train, I can said, I need to train how I listen.
2. So if you can, I don’t know well, like tv or music or just practice listening.
3. Walaupun mungkin kamu tidak mengerti semua, you’re still training your ears because it is the most difficult, yah?
4. Because we are talking about the Toefl test, maybe later, we hope to have some *training* or *workshop* for that.
5. But, the hardest part of that because the one section is listening.
6. Yes, very hard.
7. Yes, vocabulary.
8. You didn’t know that.
9. I hope *this* is right.
10. But, in senior vocabulary *is* very good, so how was someone else who *doesn’t* know the vocabulary.
11. So, have you taken it again? have you taken it some stands? because maybe now you do much better.
12. Because I think ..
13. Are you in a business department in school?
15. Yes, it does.
16. Do you know that word?
17. I know that’s so hard.
18. Ok, I don’t ever use that word, ehm..unbiguitous.
19. Where is my dictionary?
20. I mean that’s a very ..that’s the difficult word. It’s not a common word.
21. It’s a good word because it’s not common word.
22. So, the word is pronounced .. unbiguitous.
23. It’s so so not the common word, so don’t worry about that word, yah? I don’t think you see that word very often.
24. She *does* funny.
25. We use that word is a very big word. But then you use this word, goofy?
26. I believe goofy, so how *that* they?
27. What’s the Indonesian?
28. Oh yah.. that’s funny, yah? goofy, that’s a kind of slang word, but there’s a cartoon character named goofy.
29. Do you know him?
30. He’s goofy.
31. Yes, I remember that.
32. So, this _ always interesting to me because I think it’s not *trends* like exactly *write*.
33. I give you *took* like a conversation are you *took* a newspaper article, and you train that into English, you can’t do it word by word because it doesn’t, it doesn’t sound *cocok*, it’s not the same.
34. So, these are always interesting.
35. So, we were watching on tv show in English, but had an Indonesia *subtitles*, and they were very very long and we were laughing because she lacked of listening.
36. They did not hear correctly, so the subtitle was what they heard, but it was not *write*, and so was very funny.
37. The names were wrong, what the persons said *was* not right, but we thought that was very funny, so it’s very difficult for *listen* and then to train. So, that’s very very hard.
38. So this _ a great, I mean that that’s a great book.
39. Is that hard? it’s a little hard, yah?
40. Except it begins *with* easy, yah, it’s a little bit harder.
41. Good morning, that’s really good.
42. So, I have books like this in my house too, Indonesian to English, so it’s the same process, yah?
43. So, it’s the same, yah.. it’s a kind of funny, yah?
44. So this paper is good to finish, a lot of words.
45. In Jakarta Post are very difficult, but I was read in my dictionary, and the vocabulary and learn vocabulary, the same process.
46. Ada pertanyaan?

Data V
Date : 2nd of January 2010
Time : 4 pm – 4.30 pm
Place : Hang-out class

1. It’s very nice, very fun, but it was like we went to the beach.
2. Australia is very big, it’s much bigger than I thought.
3. I don’t know well, we look at the map, but it’s bigger United States.
4. So, it’s showed it’s biggest United States almost the same as like here as United States.
5. So it was very nice, but it was like...
6. It’s very modern and it’s very much like America.
7. It was very orderly, mengerti orderly ? like everything was very clean and very organized, the traffic was very.. not like Indonesia, yah ? and .. yah!
8. So, it was very big like the city in America, almost.
9. So, we went to the beach, and we got to pet kangaroos, so, that was very fun and then we got to ride in air, do you know a hot air ballon ?
10. A hot air ballon is like I don’t know the word here but it’s very large ballon because up to the sky.
11. I can draw the picture.

Data VI
Date : 3rd of February 2010
Time : 4 pm – 5 pm
Place : Hang-out class

1. That’s the problem.
2. How you can ? because someone sees if the policeman buys or sells, that must be okay for me, that’s very fun.
3. So, your uncle is a policeman in Medan, yah?
4. Does he like being a policeman ? is he happy being a policeman ?
5. And your sister did, yah..
6. You don’t want to. Why ? but maybe if you fall in love with a soldier, then you will.
7. It is very interesting yah.. because they’re trained not to be cruel, but to know how to.
8. I don’t know the name of that word, they’re trained how to fight and how to protect people, so they must know those things but if they were very discipline, they may would know when to, and when not to, like they could control their emotion.
9. So, with an army?
10. Because it’s very honourable, of course, to be a soldier and policeman.
11. So, it’s possible, yah?
12. So, what is said AKPOL?
13. Oh.. police academy.
14. But, she didn’t want to be soldier and policeman either.
15. So, you have to pay a lot of money to become a soldier.
16. It’s different, because you may.. many people will join, we would say to join the army or the military because it is a good job and because it’s honourable and so you can receive the education as well.
17. So, even someone who is very poor will join the army, because they can have a job, they can be respected, they can fight for their country as well, and when they finish, they can have their education faithful, so yah.. that’s different.
18. So, that’s kind of sad because there is many people who are like you said very clever and very smart.
19. So, what’s the word? TILANG, can you spell it?
20. And then, do they put the money in their pocket?
21. And did he?
22. So, if everyone did that in maybe when the police would stop because they will not give them money.
23. And you must have time, it’s any inconvenient.
24. Yah, that’s not often happen.
25. So, it’s good to know that they are some, they’re good, it’s true.
26. So, you should wear your helmet though if you’re on your motorcycle

Data VII
Date: 4th of February 2010
Time: 3 pm – 5.30 pm
Place: Pronounciation class

1. It’s stronger.
2. Tenth, Thorn.
3. I know, so it’s very funny, yah? Thorn, Thrill.
4. Your tongue _ out, it’s okey.
5. That’s short.
6. It’s so different.
7. When I was little, I could not say my sh, Shorn, Shrill, feels weird.
8. So, I said my tongue _ out, so I had learned how to keep my tongue in my mouth when I said “s” word.
9. So, you do sometimes have to train your mouth how to say the word, so it’s not natural.
10. Ok, allright! Dewi.. maybe the next three.
11. Math, Mash, With, Wish, Show, Saw.
12. She’s gonna go and open your mouth, the sound is like “aaa”.
13. If you go to the doctor, and he wants to look at your mouth, so you say “aaa” so, it’s like “Thow”.
14. Ok, do you next three?
15. So, Pick, Sick. This is a sound T- I, so this is my Thigh, it’s a part of my leg.
16. Sigh... so, it’s like a ..
17. Ok, Bad, Bass, Math, Mass, Tenth, Tens.
18. It’s kind of fish, it’s 1 macam, 1 jenis fish, could be a bass.
19. What’s this word?
20. So, it’s the .. at the end of the word.
21. Ok, so it’s actually the teeth is not out, it’s in your mouth.
22. I know it’s weird.
23. Because the “T” and ‘H’, so crazy!
24. So, what’s the word?
25. All right, THOSE students are still practicing English, but I was so sleepy, Doze.
26. The boy was tired, so he Dozed.
27. So, with a “d”, the sound _ so close, but their spell _ very different.
28. So, Those and Doze.
29. Worthy, Wordy.
30. Wordy is seperti too many words, like I bicara dengan orang, maybe a boy and it’s wordy, like he talks too many words, so it’s wordy.
31. To type or 1 macam, so either.
32. Is it Tear (Verb) or Tear (Noun)? But, their spell _ same, aren’t they?
33. But, there’s another meaning, yah .. Ok, but the same word yah ..
34. So, Tear is to like a “bite”, if I tore the paper, so this is Tear (verb), to tear something or a Tear (noun).
35. Tear (verb), to broke but for the paper Tear the paper, so I …
36. Funny!
37. _ You know this word?
38. Thine is something that becomes very popular, very quickly, so a .. if everyone starts wearing very short short, everybody was doing it, very popular.
39. Especially in fashion, yah .. like everyone was wearing earings that were very long, so when you went to the store, that’s all you could buy, that’s a .. everybody want it, like a trend.
40. All right.
41. Mengerti Dart? Dart is seperti, there is a game that you row something like a busa, so, it’s called Dart.
42. So, there’s a very short plane.
43. Tart, so what does that mean? it’s sour, it also can be like a small pastury or pie, but usually, I mean sour.
44. Do you know all those? Dane is actually someone’s name.
45. Dine, ada pasti 2 meanings, so, one meaning is like a family room in your house.
46. My people, a .. Dine and in American’s house, so we will say the room maybe the television or family is there, it’s like a very comfortable room and that will be hang out, so that’s called Dine, and it also can be maybe like a home or a bear or a lion like they go into a cage, and that’s Dine, so, it is place of someone lives.
47. Thy is old English word, yah .. seperti Shakespeare.
48. Seethed, so how do you say s- e – e – d ?
49. So, this word is Seethed.
50. can you hear? That’s hard, yah ..
51. So, what’s words are hardest ?
52. The T-H, but you can say Ten and then you can say t – e – n – t.
53. Do you know tent ?
54. Ok, I’ll make copy first.
55. So, next week I can give you a test.
56. Ok, and I can say the word and you can write the word.

Data VIII
Date : 9th of February 2010
Time : 3 pm – 5.30 pm
Place : Discussion class

1. Sociologists tell us that even the most introverted individual will influence ten thousand other people during his or her life time.
2. This amazing statistic was shared with me by my associate Tim Elmore.
3. Tim and I concluded that each one of us is both influencing and being influenced by others.
4. That means that all of us are leading in some areas, while in other areas we are being led.
5. No one is excluded from being a leader or a follower.
6. Realizing your potential as a leader is your responsibility.
7. In any given situation with any given group, there is a prominent influencer.
8. The prominent leader of any group is quite easily discovered.
9. Just observe the people as they gather.
10. If an issue is to be decided, who is the person whose opinion seems most valuable? who is the one others watch the most when the issue is being discussed? Who is the one with whom people quickly agree? Most importantly, who is the one the others follow? Answer to these questions will help you discern who the real leader is in a particular group.
11. So what words do you not know? mengerti Sociologist? mengerti the word influence?
12. Oh, prominent.
13. Prominent means the most important and the most obvious like if there were five people and one talk more than others, then we would say he was prominent like he stood out from all the others like he was more visible, he was more dominant.
14. Yes, start a good way to say that he was dominant.
15. So, sometimes, you will see if you read an article about people in business, or something like that then someone might say he is prominent leader in his community, so he is like he has a lot of influence and might you said he _ dominant.
16. He may have a larger responsibility than others, so prominent.
17. So, mengerti the word introverted? _ you understand that word?
18. Sociologists tell us that even the most introverted individual will influence ten thousand other people during his or her life time, so there are many types of people, but usually someone is an introvert or an extrovert.
19. So, an introvert is someone who is usually, maybe they’re quiet and very shy and maybe private but an extrovert is someone who laughs to many people, we would call them the life of the party.
20. So, usually, if someone if there’s a group of people and someone comes in, and they’re laughing and cheery and everyone wants to talk, that’s person is an extrovert and we would say he is the life of the party.
21. So do you know someone who is extrovert?
22. Yah..because people want to be around.
23. Maybe..he might have, I think usually an extrovert has many friends but they’re not very close because he has so many friends, but maybe an introvert has only a few friends but they’re very close.
24. So are you an introvert or extrovert?
25. Because I think you will probably always be an introvert.
26. It’s not too bad to be an introvert, yah ? and so that’s okey, so people are different, it’s not wrong or right.
27. Then you keep inside.
28. So, sometimes you maybe, but share with us.
29. Interesting, okey!
30. You’re looking at words that you do not know, and then we will read it again, so can you understand the meaning of whole article?
31. It’s very different to read and understand words then to know what that really means.
32. Do you know the word potential?
33. So, what the words you don’t know? don’t be shy.
34. So, what is Indonesia word?
35. In any given situation with any given group, there is a prominent influencer, so it means whatever kinds of people, there is always someone who will influence them.
36. So, in any given situation, I think yah .. walaupun ada situasi berbeda and this is put any given group, it means with any group of people, whether it’s a group of students or a group of people you work with, in any given group, there is someone who will be the prominent influencer.
37. So, there is a principle, mengerti principle? that the people that you’re friends with, you will usually become like them.
38. If you hang out with the people who use drugs, then probably they will influence you and you would follow them but if you hang out with people who had strong morals or very good people, then you usually you would follow them.
39. So that’s what that means, it doesn’t matter who you hang out with? You will be, there’s usually some influencers in that group.
40. If your mother says why do you want to be with them? Then your mother probably thinks they wouldn’t be a good influencer on you, and so we want to influence people with good things.
41. And then the second paragraph, he says this is how you know who the prominent leader is if you just watch people then you will see who is the prominent influencer.
42. So, I think to watch people if we had 10 people come in this room, and we just started talking then soon we would see who was the prominent leader.
43. They would ask questions, or start a topic, or tell joke, or they would do something, everyone would see the prominent person.
44. I’m prominent because I’m talking now, and too maybe because I know bahasa English, maybe a little better yah ? maybe ? and also because I’m older and because usually, especially Indonesian are very respectful of someone older then usually older person would become influencer, maybe.
45. So, let’s start, I mean like to start to read the first sentence and just read one sentence and then we will practice pronunciation if we need.
46. Oh, discern.. the very last sentence, answer to the question will help you discern who the real leader is in a particular group.
47. The word discern means to have understanding or wisdom about something, to understand something.
48. Ok, so who can tell me something about the article? Anything. what is the article about?
49. So, sometimes I think we want to be like the extrovert because we did that prominent but we’re not all that way but we still can have influence.
50. So, this is a question for you.
51. Is a leader born or is a leader made ?
52. Ok, so explain.
53. So, there is a phrase or principle also in leadership that says to be a good leader you must first to be a good follower.
54. Because that means if I can follow someone else then I usually would be more humble, or more sensitive, or many good things if I can first be a follower and watch them, and then later I can be a strong leader.
55. So, strong leader doesn’t always mean maybe dominat, but a strong leader can mean many different things, so that’s a good principle to be a good leader you must first be a good follower.
56. So, I’m not really naturally perhaps a leader but I learn to be a leader.
57. So, I can make decision or if something needs to be done, then I can say, let’s do best or I can give suggestions.
58. That’s all the characteristics of leader, but naturally , that’s not who I am but I learn how to be a leader if someone else is dominant though, sometimes, I will purposely, like I want _ learn then if they’re dominant then I will leave them outside be a leader.
59. It must I think doing a something wrong and then I would stand up and make decision , but if somebody else is very dominant then usually because of my personality, then I will be slack with them, go hand it to that.
60. So, each of you must answer, who is someone who has been an influencer in your life ? it could be a good influencer, hopefully.
61. Oh, discern.. the very last sentence, answer to the question will help you discern who the real leader is in a particular group.
62. So, each else
63. Ok, so I think that it’ll be more polite and we will each introduce ourselves, so I _ ibu Laura.
64. You can call me Ibu Laura, it’s really good, so sometimes people call me mam Laura, it’s said it shouldn’t _ correct, I don’t know why, Ibu Laura is great.
65. So, but sometimes people say mam, m – a – m which could be like in bahasa English, it’s a term of respect but you say Yes, mam and No, mam, but you really will someone, ehm ... it’s a little awkward with the same like mam Laura because you might say Miss Laura, like Miss or Mrs, so that’s like a term that you could put in front of someone’s name, mengerti ?

66. So, you will say Yes, mam referring to woman or for man, you will say Yes, sir, but in the call, like pak Jim, you would call him Sir Jim because that’s a little odd.

67. Mrs is seperti in bahasa Indonesia Ibu, so Mrs would be actually for woman who is married, so you have Mrs, so you could call Mrs, Laura, I think that sound is a little formal, and I’m not very formal, so like in America, I taught children, they all just called me Miss Laura.

68. It just sounds not as just pronounce formal, so Mrs is actually for a married woman, so that’s m – r – s, like Mrs and then for m- i – s – s, so like Miss Dewi, so that’s for someone who is not married, so you could call her miss, but she’s younger. So, you probably really call her for that, but if you had maybe a teacher who was not married yet, then, you might call her miss, whatever.

69. And then you have now, in America, you have Miss, but it’s m – s saja, and so, you could use that for someone for anyone female because I think that’s started with maybe someone had been married, then they got become divorce, so we didn’t but really they were not marry anymore, we’re not sure.

70. So you have Miss, Mrs, and Ms, the sound is the same, and for man, you have Mr, so you could actually call me Mrs. Laura, you could call me Mrs. Campbell, which is my family name, but that’s very normal.

71. And so some people will call me Ma’am, or sometimes people will call me Mom or Mother because in Indonesia, that’s Mom a mother and I don’t know.

72. So, sometimes people will call me Mam like they’re call me Mom.

73. So, I think that’s fun too, but usually people here call me Ibu Laura, so it’s respectful, but it’s not so formal because we’re using that name.

74. Well, yes.. because you don’t know to use something, so that’s very true, so now you know everyone here.

75. So, who has not yet answered about person who has an influence.

76. That’s great, so as you listen, then you see usually the people who influence are most your family or friends or teachers, so if you want to influence others and think about that, people in your family, people that you can also teach and then people who are your friends, so that’s the article said everyone influences someone, all the time whether you know it or you are not aware about, you still influence people.

77. He asks that same question also.

78. So, it means in many different kinds of situations with many different kinds of people, so in any given situation, it means if you are at the LCE, or you are at the church, or you are at the mosque, anywhere in any different situation, with the people better they are that you ehm....they will be someone who is prominent or dominant, personal influencer.

79. And then it’s very common because it really works out in any given situation with any given group, I mean I read that and I know I understand what that means because that’s very common, in any given situation with any group, but if I didn’t know, I might … any group, group of what ? I mean I maynot understand what is not said.
80. Mengerti ? Like when I read it, I understand the words that are not there, yah … because there you know that’s a common phrase.

81. Okey, all right, so you will think that it’s funny, yah? maybe I watch too many movies or maybe I travel too much, ok, sometimes I think about this, I was in an aeroplane and there was a problem on aeroplane and the aeroplane crashed, what would happen? so, I think about this thing, yah? So, some people would be very scared, some people would scream, I mean they will be freak down, yah .. I mean that they just be out of control, but a prominent influencer would be being control, they would try to help other people, they would see if they could rescue people because they could be think, we would say they could think under pressure.

82. Mengerti under pressure? Like they’re even know it’s a difficult situation, they still can think.

83. And, but in any situation with any group of people, someone who always take control.

84. It’s the person if we given the situation is the situation that is taking place for the situation, that’s important.

85. So, when it says in any given situation, it means the situation I am in right now, so it doesn’t matter if the situation is in accident or the situation is at my house or the situation is at my school.

86. The given situation is the situation with any given group of people like the matter who’s there it is happening now with those people better there.

87. So, in any given situation with any given group of people.

88. So, another way to say that because the study is really confusing that there are understand, what you are quite confused.

89. It means, it actually means in the situation, I find myself in, that’s the given situation, so, it’s like a literally situation has been handed to me or has been given to me.

90. So, is that make sense?

91. So, I think if you .. because the word “given” means to be a given something like something was I gave him something, so something is about situation now.

92. So, I can like give him a situation like I will give him a phone but the meaning is the same.

93. So, in any given situation, I am given and with any people who are they in an influence person would be there.

94. Any other question?

95. It’s the person who is a strong who influences you most or who he is able to influence someone in a stronger.

96. So, that’s not a common word, I mean you will you can use that word and you will see it written, maybe for someone that is a prominent like if you ..

97. Okey, who is a prominent political leader in your country?

98. So, that’s the person who is prominent like he’s very visible, everyone knows him, he has a lot of influence, so he influence political leader in Indonesia.

99. Any other questions or comments or something else that you don’t understand?

100. Start it off means to begin, but it could what’s the context, maybe the context makes the difference, but usually starts it off berarti mulai.

101. Put on the self or put on the shelf?
102. Well, what is the two lay sides? Ok, two lay sides is to put something away from, to put on, because that’s not proper English, it could, so it could be put on the shelf.

103. It could be that but what is self?

104. Because self is like myself, so how can I put on the self, do you see it doesn’t make sense.

105. So, either the person didn’t pronunciate the word clearly for you to hear or the context, we don’t know it’s like it doesn’t make sense, but I can not put on my self, it’s not understand, make sense, but I can put something on the shelf.

106. Particular? that’s a funny word, yah..

107. Specific.

108. You do know that word specific, so particular, so or you could say …

109. I love English yah..

110. Particularly, with that the context, so ehmm.. I like to eat ice cream, particularly chocolate.

111. So, I’m saying I like to eat ice cream, but particularly, or specifically, or especially chocolate.

112. So, particularly,

113. Can I say that word? particularly the most importantly, predominantly.

114. So, it does.

115. In two sentences particularly like everyone but you particularly like her.

116. But, that’s very good, anything else?

117. So, now you know everything about influencing others.

Data IX
Date: 10th of February 2010
Time: 3 pm – 5.30 pm
Place: Discussion class

1. Ok, as I wanna read it the whole and then read it together, discussion, which will be the first?
2. No, just read it silent to yourself, yah …
3. When you have to face your fears, who would you rather do it with? A friend.
4. When you fall on your face, who can help pick you up? A friend.
5. Aristotle was right when he said “true friends are a sure refuge”.
6. And question at the bottom is don’t just be a team member, be a friend to those you work with.
7. Ok, ehmm … have you usually do this?
8. Just read one sentence, one sentence, have question about the word.
9. Anyone, who have suggestions? Ok, was it still one sentence?
10. The first sentence is why do I recommend that you have work to develop friendship on the job? all those any larger, anything about that they don’t understand.
11. Ok, ehmm … friendship is the foundation of influence.
12. President Abraham Lincoln said, if you would win a man to your cause, first convince him that you are his sincere friend.
13. Ok, sincere, do you know what that?
14. It’s a sincere friend is a true friend and honest, you know like they’re some people who are your friend because maybe I’m a bulu, so some people are my friend because I’m a bulu, it’s cool be a friend with a bulu, you know they don’t really know me, or maybe they know my name and then another hang out at the LCE and they go, you know I’m from America, but maybe a sincere friend is someone who you know those one here and maybe sometimes, they ask me about my family and my dreams and then someone who cares more about being my friend than they never said my friend, yah …

15. So, the meaning of the phrase to win a man to your cause not understand that you have understand the word cause yah .. no word for that.

16. The context the cause there like maybe ehm… your cause is said be often, ok, that’s a cause, a goal that you’re working towards, as I said that our friends from being try to the harder thesis or maybe outside the while from being kill from or for whatever reason or save the forest from being cut down, it’s a cause, it’s something you work for achieving.

17. So, when you convince somebody to join your cause, he’s saying first you have to be their friend, you have to really get to know them, you have to understand who they are before you can even approach them about joining your cause because I can not convince you.

18. To say the elephant if I don’t know you, maybe you’re know that hunter, if I tried to convince you to join my cause without ever getting to know you then you’re not ever going to what do you what I have to say and I would know how to approach you with that.

19. A cause ? it seems.. ehm…

20. A cause is a good that you work towards maybe ehm.. If I give an example, zoo cause is for saving animal, but it could be anything like the tsunami, that was a cause, many people to come was to do community development, and they help to build us the communities or maybe the cause is to paint the room at the LCE orange, you know what we are more budgets better orange than, I try to convince you that his room will look best if we paint it the orange, you know that’s the cause, it’s something I feel and I work to word achieving something about or going to college maybe there’s your cause, so I wanna go to the college and you have to convince your parents while that’s a good embrassment why they should maybe help you to pay to go to the college or convincing a scholarship person why you’re the best applicants to receive the scholarship, that’s your cause, that’s the goal that you challenge it, you can’t convince someone to give you money to go to the college.

21. That’s because you want money you have actually have to apply, you have to get to know them.

22. What are they work, what’s your goal, the rational reason read apply, do you know or are they looking for students to work 18 until 25.

23. I’m 25, can I apply for that? First of all look for something else but for the elder student.

24. You know so that you have to take the time to get to know them, is it a true friend or a sincere friend before you can win them to your cause.

25. To win someone to your cause is to convince them to join to your cause, you know like you win your parents to your cause, then you go to the college.

26. Is that make sense?
27. Ok, ehm .. the next sentence : good relationships make influence possible, and
friendships is the most positive relationship you can develop on the job with
your coworkers.
28. Coworkers, _ you know that word ?
29. Like maybe Ibu Laura and Kak Ike are coworkers, they work here together at
the LCE.
30. any other words in here ?
31. Ok, the next sentence : friendship is the framework for success, I believe long-
term success is unachievable without good people skills.
32. Do you know the framework ?
33. We have to build the frame first.
34. The foundation is the concrete the ground level that one will start, that’s the
foundation and then the frame or the framework is the skeleton of the building
that you build around that.
35. That’s the framework, you can start building anything until you get the
framework.
36. A skeleton ? like your bones inside your body, your bones make up your
skeleton, so it’s the frame that you _ gonna build on to.
37. That’s your beginning frame, it’s skeleton.
38. Ok, skeleton key is a short types key.
39. A key is called a skeleton key, so it’s very old type of key. You know it’s not
like a key that we will use that one is stores.
40. Actually I think more in Indonesia than I have in America without listen in
America anymore because it is picked, but it’s really long keys with the …
maybe look like this.
41. We don’t use the skeleton key because they’re easily picked.
42. You can break in, we use keys more like without you often use, like car keys,
yah …
43. Ok, ehm … the next sentence : Theodore Roosevelt said the most import-
tant single ingredient in the formula of success is knowing how to get along with
the people.
44. Do you know the ingredient? Where _ you find the ingredient ?
45. Ok, the next sentence : without it, most achievement are not possible, and
even what we do achieve can feel hollow a lot of times.
46. You’ll see “ Hollow” like in a tree, empty inside, but that’s like the most
common using hollow, but you can use it to say empty because I think
would be more popular.
47. Hollow, kind of, in the context, it can mean surrounded all the way and the
centre is empty, you know hollow tree or hole tree or .. I don’t know, but
that’s would be hollow but like it’s not necessarily look at dark, would be
hollow, would be empty, because it’s a kind opening at the top.
48. Is that make sense ?
49. A sponge? You can say hollow, I think the more popular English way saying
that word would be holes in it.
50. Yah… maybe you work so hard to convince your parents like you go to
college, any word, so hard to convince them but if you don’t understand why
maybe they think to send you to the college if you don’t ask them, you don’t
talk with them about it if you always ever do is talk to them and try to
convince them without listening, then maybe eventually, they say “yes” for
one semester, you know, like in every semester you have to try again to convince them and then you should go back.

51. It’s hollow because you put so much evidence to win without getting much in return, and it’s fragile and hollow, it’s fragile, it could collapse on itself because there’s no a framework that I hold for that.

52. Ok, any other questions?

53. Ok, Friendship is the shelter against sudden storms, if you’re having a bad day, who can make you feel better? A friend.

54. Do you know shelter?

55. Ok, when you have to face your fears, who would you rather do it with? A friend.

56. Ok, when you fall on your face, who can help pick you up? A friend.

57. Ok, Aristotle was right when he said “true friends are a sure refuge”.

58. Ok, refuge is similar, it’s not the same with shelter.

59. Ok, you can say a sentence, I took shelter under the trees from the rain or you can say I took refuge under the trees.

60. Shelter, though can also mean at the house, maybe you take shelter at the house, you can take refuge at the house, you can take refuge in a city.

61. You know like maybe I’m afraid a lot in Medan, so I take refuge in Singapore where Indonesian police can’t get me.

62. You know like you can take refuge, you can take shelter, you can escape and trying harder protect yourself from something.

63. The same word, I think, the meaning behind the word, shelter is more common, if you taking refuge from something, generally, it means it’s dangerous.

64. You know maybe you take refuge from the rain, it’s not just rain, it’s a big storm, you know maybe there’s a lightening and so you might shelter lightening or the strong winds, or whatever that you’re take the refuge one it’s so stronger worry.

65. Ok, looking at the whole paragraph, what is the main idea behind it?

66. Why?

67. So, if you were … Ok, many of you in college, right? how many of you actually have jobs?

68. So, for the individual who don’t have a job, how can you apply this? is there any application outside the work do you think?

69. Yah, in college … in your classes with your whole students or with your teachers especially you convince your teachers to give an extra time to finish your project.

70. Ok, do you have any questions about this?

71. Well, that’s actually embarrassed westerners and because, I know that because it will happen with the embarrassed westerners that our eastern, your poet, it would have said to be intimate and make friends with your neighbours and said that concentrating on your coworkers, that’s the western’s mindset.

72. It’s to make friends with your coworkers because many people don’t help.

73. We apply this in America.

74. I think, it’s very similar what you will do here, like what you’ve seen, Laura and Ike _ working together, they’re building friendship, they have to get to know each other.
75. You know, It’s their husbands know one another, make relationship easier and makes it easier for maybe Laura needs to spend the morning at home with Jim, her husband.

76. Well, you know she knows Ike usually dines in a day and Ike easier spend the morning, maybe it’s easier for her to ask Ike for help to say Oh, can you do this for me this morning because I cannot, but she doesn’t get to know Ike then to ask, is it easy ? because they _ not gonna say Yes, you know like they don’t know, gonna say Yes, you _ not gonna, you have many reasons that help you because they’re not your friends.

77. So, I do that with Michael workers to try.

78. Michael workers, my neighbours like in college, absolutely, I live in an apartment in college and my neighbours were great because like if I needed for what help, for a weekend, and if one of them wanna borrow my television one night when I was gone.

79. I leave my key to my partner with my neighbour and I can trust them but they’re not going to steal anything because we’re friends.

80. You know, but I can’t do that with just a new body if I didn’t know them.

81. In my communities, in my home, I think my neighbours are not close, like neighbours here in Medan.

82. You know, my mother’s house ehm… , she has acrossed the street is her father- in- law’s house, ehm … my parents get divorce, and my mom is remarried, so I have a step father, so he’s double acrossed the street, so yah…, I know those neighbours very well.

83. We eat meals together and go back and forth and help each other, hanging out in the yard, you know taking a meal and whatever we work together like family.

84. On one side, it’s too much to the next neighbours, so we don’t know them because they’re very far away and we can not see their house from my house, so we don’t know them very long, on the other side, it’s still very far, maybe from the LCE to Jalan Darussalam, it mean, you can see it but it’s still far, we know them not very well, generally we don’t eat meals together, we may say hello if we see each other outside or whatever, you know they do not visit my house because we don’t know them very well, but it’s about distance because they’re not close and distant, so they’re not close in a friendship.

85. But, in America, You’re often very close and distant with your coworkers.

86. You know, you work in the same office, maybe like Ike and laura.

87. They’re very close and their office is very small, you have to be friend in an office, otherwise, it will be very hard the word for each other.

88. Because I answer your question.

89. Anything else?

90. Ok, ehm. I might answer this question from the bule’s perspective.

91. Ok, just because, I think that something that you well understand most, maybe is ada bule, I have many people who want to be my friend, you know everyone from the taxi driver, to the becak driver to the lady in the check-out, you know when I walk to Matahari, there everybody who wanna help me shopping and there, you, guys, you’re here, you hang out at the LCE, to meet the bules, so how I don’t know which one _ you _ my friend and if you maybe just coming usually to learn English.

92. Well, first of all, I working hard that I’m here as I told, to help you learn English.
93. Some okey with that, some okey using with that, there is some ways that you know people are gathering with you, but that’s okey and for me that something, I’m okey with is I would be friends with somebody only for learning English, but I try it in those who people are.

94. My neighbour and my house here in Medan is like that they just want to be my friend to learn English, so when I see them, I must try to speak English with them.

95. Other people want money.

96. I want to try not to be friends with those people because I really don’t have much money.

97. ehm … I think the way I judge that how I judge that’s not for someone to be my friend because they really want to get to know me about that person or they don’t want to be my friend, so they can’t ask for money or maybe they don’t want to be my friend because my English.

98. Many levels, and I think the way I judge that is what kind of question today evening, how much time did you spend with me.

99. Same my neighbour , the type of question they ask me, hei say that in English or they always speak to me in English even I try to speak to them in Bahasa, that’s how I know the friendship, there’s because they want to learn English.

100. Ehm .. here, say, maybe Bunga, I feel it , she asks me questions about my family, about my brother, about my father, about where I grow up, about Arkansas, you know make she remembers not interesting, you know she doesn’t ask good if I’m forget, she really wants to know, I think she’s really try to be my friend, she asks questions better our personal level and she remembers that information, you know that I judge a truth, someone who is trying to be a sincere friend and then someone who everytime I talk to them, I think, oh well, where do you work ? what do you do ? what’s your job ? How much money do you make? How long have you been in Indonesia ? or when do you travel to or how you pick for that? Like those questions, maybe I more got it with those people because they ask me about money all the time, so I’m afraid if you’re gonna ask me about money.

101. Yah.. I’m a little bit different from you because you know another bule who live in Indonesia, so you have to judge for yourself how to determine is this person is the friends or they just want me to use me for something, and if it is they want me to use me for something, we wouldn’t say okey with you as it is in area where you want to be used, or it is not okey with you, or they just copy your homework, or have a ride to the LCE everyday, you know like if I always like to do, wish you and give nothing in return, or maybe they’re not trying to be a sincere friend.

102. I think, this study is unique because I’m have to hang out with students and I understand other Indonesia college unique if they meet with bule, so those questions don’t make me because there’s a context that you’re asking them.

103. First of all, I love to talk about my family, you know, I am going home on April and I’m so excited and I could tell you all about my family, because I’m talking to them all the time because they call me all the time because I’m so excited that I’m coming, you know like they’re very excited, I’m very excited, I miss them, I’m looking for the same again, so it’s a joy because I talk about that, because it has been so long for me not to see my mom, so excited, I love to talk about that.
104. Ehm … listen to what they say, that would be my … you know, he meet someone and say, you know, Hello, and they smile and say Hei.

105. Hei, and they keep walking, then they’re not really to stop and talk to them, not, why ? that’s the relationship.

106. If they stop and give you a big smile, they probably mean, you know .. ok, hello, hei.. maybe they have time or you know, they wanna get to know you are more than that you’re willing to.

107. Start small, what’s your name ? how long have you been here ? are you here for vacation? Are you here because you work here, I think those questions are okey, especially they’re working here, I think, you can get to use those questions, why _ you here ? where do you live ? that’s the question, for instance where do you live? I must say a lot and even my all, they’re very cute, every _ you told me the address.

108. You know I am tell you along with 10 minutes from here? why _ I say that ? maybe I don’t wanna give you my actual address, it’s not because I don’t want you to come to my house, it’s kind of personal thing, I don’t want you to come to my house.

109. For me, personally, I try not to give you my address because that is also for my offices, so, when I am at home, I’m neither at home relaxing or I’m at work, and it’s not very often that I’m there wanting to hang out, you know like if either in the evening, and that’s time, I’m just try to be around people because I need a rest or I’m there at work.

110. If I want to hang out with the students, I come here to the LCE because that’s close to my house.

111. So, I thought I don’t want to give my address self, it’s not because I don’t like you, it’s not because I don’t want to hang out with you and that’s because I don’t want to hang out with you, and that’s because I don’t want you to come to my house but it’s because my house is not the best place for me to hang out with you because when I’m at home in a day, I’m working, you know, like my coworkers are gonna call me and ask me questions, it’s hard for me to back away from my job when I’m at home.

112. Even, in the evening, people will call me, people will sapa my house and ask me questions or they call my house, or they make me crazy because I’m really, that’s why I started coming here is to get away from my work because it’s too much at home.

113. So, if you want to hang out with me, doing it in my house is not the best place to spend time with me until really have a conversation with me because it’s too much if I work, that’s why if I have to be professional, it’s where you know like I’m still busy until the selected barely, I can’t really concentrate on me.

114. Like other Americans ?

115. No, I think other Americans, if I, as getting to know with other Americans, a conversation would generally be around common interest, maybe a music or what you got in college, what you major in and what you know.

116. Oh, that’s really, well most people, the friendship is, it’s where you grow up, what was your major, you know, maybe what’s your job, but he would not seriously ask, what is your brother’s name, or how is your relationship with your brother, you _ close or you know how I can you see for that or how _ your parents ? with like those are the questions.
117. But, I’m an American here in Indonesia, even in a big city in America come another American who is from Arkansas, that’s very exciting to me and in that way, because we share Arkansa, we often ask each other, what city did you grow up in? well, most group in Arkansa close with other, we may ask, do you know so, I so, or this will be my dane, you know maybe you know him to try see him if they’re doing, but we have a comment.

118. But, for someone from Texas, I wanna tell them where I grow up, maybe not where I’m grow up but my parents grow up, they don’t know my parents.

119. You know my parents that are from Texas? that’s what I know them.

120. Does that make sense? ok, do I answer your question?

Data X  
Date: 16th of February 2010  
Time: 4.30 pm – 5.30 pm  
Place: Hang out class

1. I think, that’s part of this, as an American culture, especially from a rural city, that is, you know, rural city is very small, inside the country, people value privacy, you know, this is my home, you know, what we do and where we go and who comes over our house, my business inside yours, you know I don’t want to answer your question and I don’t want to hope to tell you, that’s very much individualistic, even you know my family versus your family.

2. Ehm… and it’s very common in rural places to have that, I don’t too, you know, like my parents when they were looking for home, one of the things that you looked at was how much money can you buy with the home?

3. You know and I did what something? they’re remote, away from other neighbours, because they’re very private, other people, like my dad, he didn’t, he doesn’t care, he tells you anything, he’ll tell you anything.

4. You know he’s very much more public and he’s live information, and so, where he picked when I graduate high school, he moved, he bought a house, and got a small house, get the way my room in Arkansas, but one another things he looked for was he wanted to be a neighbourhood with lots other people, he likes to be around the people, he loves to talk with the neighbours, he knows the neighbours, he goes, you know, he likes to invite the neighbours even for dinner.

5. And I am, personally, I’m like my much more like my mom and that I like privacy, I like distance between me and someone else, do you know?, I don’t.

6. My dad loves to be around people, so he’s okey with that, I’m not, I’m not really like to be around people so much.

7. So, like today, I want you to ask me question you want because I’m ready for that, I’m okey with that, when I finish and when I leave the LCE today, I’m gonna find some people where I can be alone which you like fun because my house is full of people right now.

8. We have many guests in our house, so it will be more difficult for me than most stay to fun, some place to be alone, but I want to meet my mom with that, when I go home, I want to be myself, what I don’t wanna have, I don’t
want someone to wake me up, oh.. what did you do today? who did you meet or how was you work? or my dane…what did he have to work?
9. He comes home and he wants to tell you everything he’s done.
10. It just make me crazy.
11. He’s a car salesman, so he needs thousand people everyday, you know, a new people all the time and he comes home, all of the stories about who he met, he wants to tell me every detail, but he do not know about that person, you know maybe he met you today, so he knows where you go to school, and what job you have, what another car you like, what colour car you like, and most of that is about car but how many children you have and how many times have you been married, how older your parents, he knows every detail, but those persons, do I?
12. I don’t know that person, I never interrogate those persons, I don’t care, you know, but that’s me and I’m very different from my dad.
13. Okay, this is a funny question.
14. She was in a country, she is very hard with the neighbours and across the street is her father-in-law.
15. And when he…he put in a house for about 50 years, so when he first live there, and there is very remote, but there was not anybody who trouble, so they won’t really worry, they concern with someone who’s stopping breaking into your house.
16. what’s that?
17. It’s very 50 years ago, I think that’s a… and newer fear that to know often and my culture, anyway, someone stop breaking in, it’s not much more common now than that was 50 years ago.
18. So, he worries about that.
19. He’s always worries someone who’s gonna breaking the either his house or his side house, so he’s always looking at the window to see who drops in back, And that makes my mom crazy because when she comes home from work, he comes over, when my step dad comes home from work, he comes over everyday and tells him so and so, stop by your house.
20. You know, I mean like he knows every detail, he tells that he is scared, this is a fear in his house.
21. My mom and dad are very afraid, you know, they love their house, so if you try to break in, you’re gonna make some kind _ noise from hidden in the house.
22. So, here’s with the remote, then gonna call the police, because police is not far away, so they would probably get before my parents’ house robbed.
23. So, we have, I think, there are many safety purposes for that alarms in their house, so that if there’s someone breaks in, it’s a silent alarm to the police, so they can’t know to check it out, they have fire detectors, you know, on the ceilings maybe so, if one day, she go away for a week on holiday, your fire detectors would still work and that’s maybe hope that too an alarm system tells.
24. So, it’s your home when you wake up, and wake you up, so that, you know, get up, the house is on fire.
25. Some of them, not all of them, it depends on how much money you put into your security system.
26. Like my parents, that’s not true fires, it would just send an alarm for anyone who is in a house to get up.
Yah, that’s why you want to get up and it’s very annoying, very annoying.

Sometimes, a college, we had a fire alarm in our apartment.

My apartment was very very small, so when we’re cooking, if you maybe, it starts smoking, it would always that I feel alarm always and it is not exactly the fire, you know, something is smoking that like you’re drying something and it has a lot of smoke, so we would actually employ our fire alarm while you’re cooking a lot of times.

So, it can be really awkward, but if you’re in your room or your kitchen, and most times with that, the smoke can spread out and so, this alarm starts to check but that’s not a big problem.

Because the fireman.

They could be met to help the situation and the police do not, the police reacts to emergency, crime, yes… but if a cat is taking out tree, we call the fireman because the fire department responds with the troops because a lot they can reach the tree.

So, if you call the police, they will call the fireman.

In America, the fire department and the police department are both paid by the government, so I pay for the services through pay taxes, so maybe my city have the city taxes, everything _ bought in this city, one percent, I’ll give you spend 100,000 rupiahs on Sunday, then you _ gonna have 10,000 rupiahs charge or 1000 rupiahs charge that would go to the government to pay for the fire department.

So, that’s for they’re paid, so if I call for the fire department, so they come, they’re paid by the city, when they make it call, but they don’t, if they are called, maybe one day they have to go four or five fires, and the next day, they don’t, they’re paid the same, even fast alarm.

Well, they can try to fast alarm because your tax in your services and maybe your calling on away for a real alarm.

So, if it’s an accident, or maybe it’s my over firing in a garbage in my backyard, and my neighbours see smoke from on the back of their house, so they call for the fire department, that’s not, it’s a fast alarm that’s not similar with the charge one.

So, if you pay for the governor and his house, his car, and his driver and maybe most you know, we don’t spur, but the good things they come from, they got the pay for you, the fire department.

Someone who’s never had to use them, maybe they would, maybe sometimes, not support that use, but that was really good, it’s a good systematic.

Ehm.. well, to give an example from my experience, going to the doctor in Indonesia is much cheaper than going to the doctor in America, they told you just for coming, they told you for every test to do, and not just like here, maybe they told you for what you cope them, and maybe a little bit more to help to support them.

Doctors in America over charge a lot, so you have insurance to pay for that.

I mean you can, for instance, when I was in High School, I was in an accident, you know ski ?, anyway, I hurt both my leg and my neck and I was on a new trip with my church, so my parents went there, but I had such a cramp and so they called for an ambulance to come and meet me and take me to the hospital, the ambulance ride a long just for then to send out emergency medical technicians to come _ meet me and make sure I was okey and then drive me to
the hospital, that was US$10,000, that’s help me the insurance, because I pay US$60 a month for insurance, they pay US$10,000 for my accident.

43. You know, it’s costed US$10,000, you know, for that drive, but because the hospital has paid for all of the equipment, they have to pay for the salary of the people who drive it, they have to pay for the equipment _ wanted to use.

44. So, that’s very expensive.

45. So, some people would use to ride to the hospital than in ambulance, because they will have an charge and it’s too expensive.

46. They’re not a lot for use treatment, they must treat it, because as a doctor or a nurse, they’re required to treat, anyone who comes, it doesn’t matter you have money to pay for, it doesn’t matter if you have Aids, it doesn’t matter if you’re different religion, they must treat.

47. So, if you don’t have money, then the hospital doesn’t get the money from you, and they don’t do that, so maybe they ask you to try get the money, if you don’t have it, there’s no help for you.

48. That’s one of the reasons hospital say the charge so much for services for people who do have insurance if because they also have to make the money, problem then they lose, but if someone who doesn’t have insurance.

49. Yes, the ambulance never ask : can you pay for this ? before they entered you, they can not, it’s not legal, the ambulance, technicians, the people who are driving in an ambulance, the people who are treating the patient in an ambulance, they have no say, they must treat.

50. Yes, it’s part of their job, if they don’t, it’s a bad crime, they can go to jail, they can lose their licence, they’re never allowed to practice the same again.

51. They can not ask you that before they treat, they have know when I know it anybody who needs medicines, they can not refuse treatment for any reasons, they can not refuse treatment.

52. Any human, if you are in a car accident, every human must receive treatment if they need all of them, it doesn’t matter what race they are, what nothing, what gender they are, you have to receive treatment if you need it, they must, although you can’t pay and they can’t ask you first, they just must.

53. You know, it’s very common, like for Mexicans come to America illegally, and so if they’re in an accident, and they have to stay in hospital, many of them will try to use treatment early because if the hospital finds out you’re illegal, then they can call the custom people and have you imported, have you sent back.

54. The tailor, because on my persons, or maybe for a man, because to be a seem stress to be a tailor, it’s not very common job, so there’s not a lot of competition for practice, so maybe to find a tailor in a city, there are only three of us with all three of us charge high prices and it doesn’t matter which one you go to first of all you get money, you know I can try to get much because you have another options to be paid high prices for it, also personally, you know like my grandmother because she is a great dress- maker, she taught me the sew.

55. A dress- maker is more feminine, so maybe a tailor for male, a dress- maker for female.

56. You can call woman a tailor, but it’s not common, it’s more most of the time, you call woman dress- maker, all the time, you call man a tailor.

57. No, not from the government, you may stay work and many people don’t well.
58. My brother works for a government, he is a soldier in an army, he has a life insurance from the army, from the government, so he dies, the government will pay so much money for the life insurance, if I die, the government will not pay me the money because I have life insurance but personal life insurance, it’s not as much as my brother get, my life is not valuable.

59. No, we do, like we call medicare and medicine which is where they take my tax money and put it on a big fund, and then they use it to get help insurance to what we call finger’s licence, someone who is over 65 years old, and he has retired from work, they can get help insurance from medicare, which is the government programme.

60. Only over 65 years old, they have to have from the personal insurance, otherwise, they have to pay it for themselves.

61. You know, as a huge health insurance, as a huge debate in America right now, the other one of reasons that it is big promises too in America because he would overhold the health insurance, he wants there to be the government health insurance, there’s a lot of oppositions to there’s a lot of support for this, it’s a huge debate and it’s because health insurance is so expensive and so many people don’t have, so many children don’t help health insurance, and then they go to the hospital, and their parents can’t pay for it, so the hospital raises their name to help.

62. so the people who do have health insurance?

63. Having the pay more money, so, but they can help the people who don’t have health insurance, so the idea is if there’s a government runs help care if every persons has helped her, then they would pay the prices to help her, they wont be expensive, but there are some people who don’t believe a work, some people ask for their money from their company, he’s gonna pay that to health insurance firm.

64. Like for me, I have private health care with my job, but I don’t have the government.

65. Yes, I have insurance here while working for the company that I work for, they would pay for my health care but when I come home on April, and I quit my job, my contract is up, my health care is up, if I get sick on April, when I went home, I don’t have health care insurance and if I get a sick and I have to go emergency room and I have to go the doctor, I have to pay for that, personally, and I have no job, so I can’t afford that, so what do you do? That’s a question.

66. I don’t know about Australia, but in America, No, and that’s I think sometimes like 60% in America don’t have health insurance.

67. We call it retirement, so like I am 25, and I pay taxes and in America system, even though I work in Indonesia, and I’m pay in Indonesian government, Indonesian company, I still have to take 10%, I have to tell them how much money I make and so much I have it, they’re claimed, so that’s every year I give them money from the time I start working, maybe hopefully, when I turn 65 years old, I’m retired and how I call retirement and they will give me money, so I can retired and that work, and so all the money that I given them throughout my life, they saved it and they give it back to me.

68. Because American that pride themselves and freedom and no one tells me what to do, the government, of course, we have laws, they help keep, you know people from doing illegal things from each other, but my government, as American system without our government can not tell us, how you spend
money, or where do you go on your vacation or who do you have sex with? They can’t tell us, that is a personal choice, I make and no one makes for me, not my government, not my religion, not my family.

69. No, there’s no personal decision, as in the American culture, tells me, I get to make for myself, I personally feel like it’s sex is something, my parents do have a saying because they want what best for me, my religion serve me they have a saying because my God has a saying everything about me, my government has no saying, even you know I respect my family, I respect my God, I respect my country, but my government has no saying who I have sex with.

70. I have never had sex with anyone, I’m a virgin, I’m 25, it’s very unusual because freedom is so ..., someone will judge who you are that many people rebel against the whole culture of telling you, no you can not sex with someone until you’re 16 or until you’re married, you know until 18 to 21, how old you are said that the woman or to say, you can not sex until you’re married, many Americans feel that’s the personal is you that they themselves decide and no one wants to decide for them.

71. So, because we don’t have … there’s not shamed and having sex outside the married in America, it’s not fair, and so personally I would very ashamed, you know my parents would be very discipline with me and the culture, we don’t have that, it’s okay, it’s fine, and so my culture as whole is very from excuse, general that word, someone who is from excuse is anything able, they can do anything, woman is very from excuse who has sex with many guys, so our culture is very from excuse, be allow anything, because we’re free to make our own choices, free to make our mistakes, if I have sex with multi partners and I get AIDS from that, that’s what my choice, no one has limited except me, I’m the one who has, leave for that for the rest of my life, so it’s my choice.

72. Ok, there are laws, if you are over 18 years old, you can not have sex with someone under 16, I believe, I don’t know exactly because that’s something that worry about, yah … if you are 21 years man has sex with a 15 years girl, it is considered rape, even she says “yes” even she loves, even she says that she is 17, so he is 19.

73. it’s freedom, but we have sex with someone who’s underaged, it doesn’t matter what she says, it’s still rape, and he was sent to the jail for that, he or she as a girl has sex, is common, but I’m 25, if I have sex with 15 years old, I will go to the jail for that.

74. Well, I mean, they have to know in order to prostitute or to punish someone, so I think if a girl gets pregnant, well, She is considered who ever have sex with her, it’s considered to have with her and less here is, I don’t know what happen with that.

75. I don’t know because that’s a grey area, you know like, it’s case by case, ehm .. but, it’s sure accused to say who she has sex with, but there’s anybody to confirm, you know, but if he said, oh so and so, and they are 19, if her family chooses not to tell the police, and she chooses not to tell the police, and he and his family choose not to tell the police, but nothing ever happen, someone must be important, so must other police.

76. Yah, girls and guys marry young in America nowadays, I don’t know.

77. I think, he does, but I mean they don’t tell them or parents don’t watch their children, so sleep, they don’t know well, someone chooses different, you
know, I mean here like my parents where children in the Southern East would choose to be free, I mean that’s one _ the short travel, you shouldn’t have freedom and sex.

78. I work, have you had sex with your partner started, so I think many of them consider if I say, like there’s 16, they’ll make choices for themselves whether not to have sex, or maybe they believe they have 16 years daughter and son, or all that make decision for themselves to have a sex or not.

79. Ok, yah thank you .

80. Yes, you won’t, you know, I would say that too, that television is very much halloween, _ you know halloween ? it’s halloween interpretation a lot in America and that’s American culture which is halloween _ is known for their over interpret, they’re viewed of what the culture is like they take in unique extreme, always so, with we find out my home community is very different from what shown on the television, very different.

81. May I ask you this, take Jakarta and Bali, we take someone from Jakarta and someone from Bali, and someone from Medan, and someone from Banda Aceh like someone who grow up and was raised in Bali and always live in Bali, and someone who grow up and was raised in Jakarta and always live in Jakarta, someone who has always lived in Medan, and someone who always lived in Banda Aceh.

82. You put the four them in a room together, and ask them about free sex then, are they _ gonna give the same answer ?

83. So, it’s same in America, you take someone from New York, take someone from Flora, take someone from Arkansas, you ask them about free sex, you’re gonna get to find answer ?

84. Ok, if you take Jakarta, and Bali and Medan and Banda Aceh or any of them _ gonna have similar answer ?

85. No, what’s someone from Bali gonna say about free sex? What’s someone from Jakarta gonna say about free sex? What’s someone from Medan gonna say about free sex ? what’s someone from Banda Aceh gonna say about free sex ?

86. May I ask you a different question.

87. You take a girl from Medan, and a bule from Banda Aceh, and ask them about free sex, _ we get the same answer? What’s the girl gonna say, the girl from Medan, what would she say about free sex ? Ok, what’s the bule from Banda Aceh gonna say ? he would be say that, what is his experience say ? is he gonna be a virgin ? say it, 22 years old male who is not married, will he be a virgin ? that he will say that the free sex is wrong, why ? I mean, Ok, I’m not really expect to get to find answer , I just want even _ know, I don’t know what’s something answered either because they don’t talk difficult decision and only true answer I can tell you is the one have from me, and the one I have from me is that free sex is wrong and that is why you have a disease like HIV, whatever else because it comes from sin.

Data XI
Date : 18th of February 2010
Time : 3 pm – 4 pm
Place : Discussion class
1. Ok, patriotism, it’s like what you give to your country, I think my degree, patriotism, I like suppose that, well, because I’m taught to be an American and like in my family, I am proud of my brother in an army and I participate in our election, and I celebrate independence day, yah .. I like to talk about America.

2. All right, what scares you most about the future ?

3. Ok, what scares you most about the future, I think about a couple things, think about my parents, you know, she’s getting older, I’ve got older, you know, I see, first then getting older and because only see my parents maybe once in a year, you can see changes because it spends a long time, every time I go back to America, it spends at least 12, sometimes 14 or 16 months, I can see their health changing or they look changes, I think like that, so I think that’s a kind of thing scary because you start realize your parents are getting older maybe their health, they start to have maybe more health problems, I think like that, so I think that’s part of that getting older and then thinking about far away from them, they’ll get a sick, so long way to take a long time to get from here to there, so I think about their things more often because my parents are getting older, so that’s probably big problem that scares me.

4. Incline, it means that you have a tendency for, you know, some people can not have any incline like they no have a specific, you know like they do not know how to fix a computer or they don’t know how to fix another cycle, for instance, all right, to put parts together, some people are supposed _ know for that but they’re not really good at, so that’s the thing how do you have get ?

5. We’re used incline and inclination maybe for that word, inclination, so you will say someone as incline to, like, see, American are probably incline to eat McDonald when they’re overseas, we put probably normally do that because why ? because McDonald is normal for us and so, if we _ traveling overseas, we might want something that is tasted like American, so we would, he incline to eat it, we say that someone mechanically incline, it means that they have a gift in that area, they can be incline towards something or they like something, he likes a mechanic, a mechanic can be computers, it can be some people build things, you know, so it can be anything like that, so if asking, are you mechanically incline ?, do you have a gift thing towards ?

6. Like the word, mechanic, in America, we use that word, mechanic, it usually means someone who repairs something that’s broken and usually it’s electronic or a car, you know it’s things like that, but mechanically can mean like they’re mechanically engineers, and they don’t fix things that are broken, but they think about how machine or like they build machine, fabrics, you know I think how always parts work together and they can really understand, like me, I’m not mechanically, it’s not my gift thing at all with computers or machines or anything, I just want someone to come who knows how to fix this thing, I don’t know, so.. yah…

7. Ok, we think the word incline, this can be like slope, what do you say in Indonesia ?

8. So, you can say like a steep incline maybe you climb a mountain, or if you’re on a road, that’s very steep as well.
9. You can say a steep incline, that’s the noun.
10. For a verb, incline means something to tend to pick or behave in a particular way like the government is more fictive then we incline to pick, to incline here, it’s like slow.
11. But, incline with -ed, want to do something, she was inclined to trust him, she wants to do something to trust him, so also we’ll say he’s inclined to be lazy, it’s natural behaviour with they’re saying natural, he is lazy, he’s inclined to be lazy, or may say he’s inclined to study a lot, he’s very serious, it’s also used when you’re expressing an opinion but you don’t want to express it very strongly, we use that, then you say I’m inclined to agree with you, that’s not very strong, but it is means, this is I incline to agree, inclination is being like that she wants to do something.
12. We usually say military, but there are 4 branches in a military, they are fireman, there is army, there is air force, and there is navy, so sometimes people will say like my dad and my brother are in navy, Amanda’s brother was in army, but we call all of them soldiers, they are called soldiers, or they’re all products of military.
13. The police ? that’s different, because military is government, and police is either law court or state, normally, so that’s different.
14. So, they think that army is cruel but why do they think better about people in Airforce and in navy ? why do they like those guys better ? in your opinion, your incline.
15. Do the Indonesian woman think that men in uniform are handsome ?
16. American thinks that, they tend to pick man like whether it’s military or police or fireman, that’s why they’re handsome wearing uniform, that’s true.
17. There’s still discrimination in America, we’re sure there’s not much discrimination because we elect the black president, so more than 50 % Americans vote for president Obamma, so there’s not much discrimination as they were in past, but like maybe weary in America is black history most, and so balck people have gone from not having rights to vote, to ride on a public transportation, like in America and fifties, there was a black and white section embassies, they were different, like in America, we have public water foundation, we can get like air minum and that’s free and then fifties, there was a different line for black people and white people, different restaurants, and so in fifty years, America can very far in getting black rights and so It’s can very far but there is still some discrimination.
18. There is a stereotype, _ you know that word ? stereotype, black people are more aggressive, they tend to be criminals more often, and it’s true like I think 80% people racism in America for black, but also more black people in America are raised in home without their father.
19. Psychological test, that children who raise without her father tend to be their morals are not strong, they’re more likely to start drinking, or drugs or a kind of crimes, so that’s a public famous people going to the prison because they start doing crimes because they don’t have a father at home to say stronger than their mom, so it’s continuous to be a problem, but many influence children black people in America today, they try to tell other black people.
20. What new law is needed to make the world better place to live ?
21. Well, I’ll always think, I’m not sure what our law needed think about that, then I think about poverty around the world, and that’s there’s enough food in the world, so that no one has to be hungry that there are people around the world.

22. I’m sure such Indonesia and Asia and Africa even in America, there are children and they live, then they’re gonna get hungry, so I’m not sure what law I would good in a place but I would try to do something about hunger, especially, to make sure that people had enough food eat because when children are malnourished.

23. You know what nourish?

24. Nourish, the word nourishment, like when I eat a baggage potato chips, I don’t get a lot of nourishment, it doesn’t have a lot of vitamins, or anything good for me if I eat a lot of vegetable that gives my body a lot of nourishment because it have vitamin A, B, fiber and this gives me a lot of nourishment.

25. Malnourishment means like a nourishment and they’re many malnourished child when they don’t get enough nourishment and their brain doesn’t grow up than it should, when they’re children and so, malnourishment is a children can’t affect their entire life because the brain doesn’t grow up, so they don’t have the opportunity to become smart as it could be if they had been their poverty, given good food to eat.

26. So, that’s probably I will do something that was helped the people around the world and take care about children.

27. It’s difficult because you can have knowledge but you might not be able to do anything with it, like a mother in Africa could know that children needed, she knows that, but if she can’t afford to buy the children, just because she knows, it doesn’t help the children.

28. So she has knowledge, she understands that her children need, that doesn’t help her, she can’t afford to know, that’s the word.

29. Ok, some of us like to plan, some people like to do that things spontaneously, you know that word?

30. Some others do like to make plans and if we do, we don’t tend to like concern with it, we like to have things very well organized, so it’s very interesting how a personality, so it’s very different, I’m not being uncertainty, I like to make plans.

31. When did you ever immediately click? with someone you just met? what was a long term or short until? what do you attribute that can make up a connection?

32. So, you understand click?

33. Well, about three years ago, probably maybe four, a young girl had come to work here in Medan, kind like Amanda, and her name was Keith, and she lived with me, we lived together and she was very unique, because we didn’t know each other before she came here and we immediately click.

34. We were both from Alabama and we either had some other friends that from America but we had not met before, so when we talked, we just, we knew the same people, it was very interesting, then we also had very similar or habit for the same like what kind of music we liked, food, always different things, it’s very interesting.
35. But, we definitely, like we’re still friend, she is in America, she is going to keep on her study in counseling, and so we still stayed in touch very things via facebook for that.

36. So what do you attribute to that kind of connection?

37. I don’t know that’s hard to say, I think like me and Keith, we just had so many similarities and a way, we broke up maybe like a values about family and life and education and other interesting things are very similar, and because we were raised in a similar way, I think to that’s cause just had a connection and then because we’re being from same area, going to the same school, all those things, she’s really unique.

38. I think you can have different ways, I think you just click with someone, sometimes there’s just an attraction, there is not always physical, you know that sometimes you’re so surprised, you don’t know, but personality wise and everything, you just kind of click exactly.

39. Absolutely, I think for me, like people are easy to talk to, it’s great, I am introvert, so sometimes that makes hard for me to think up a conversation with people, I just make a kind of hard and so people who are easy to talk to, that makes me very comfortable like can make kind of click with them because usually it can be hard for me to make a conversation with people.

40. When I’m first met to Indonesian, one lady after we became friend, she told me, you’re sombong.

41. No, no I say, I’m not sombong, but I’m shy, so it’s natural tendency to be shy, so sometimes it takes me a little while to warm up and feel comfortable, when I’m comfortable, I talk all the time, especially with the small group, like this, but not for bigger.